BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BY WHEELER & LYNDE. THURSDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 15, 1866. VOLUME XXXII----NUMBER 194.

THE BANGOR

Daily Whig & Courier,

PUBLISHED MORNINGS,

At Rowan's Block, East End Kenduskeag Bridge, on the Lower Floor.

TERMS—$8 00 per Year.
1 00 for Six Months.
2 00 for Three Months.

INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

The Bangor Weekly Courier

IS PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY,

At the Office of the Daily Whig and Courier, at Two Dollars per year, *invariably* in advance.

WHEELER & LYNDE, PROPRIETORS.
JOHN H. LYNDE.
C. S. WHEELER.

AGENCIES.

S. M. PETTENGILL & Co., 10 State Street, Boston, and 37 Park Row, New York, are authorized Agents for receiving Advertisements and Subscriptions for this paper.

S. R. NILES, Agent, Scollay's Building, Court Street, Boston.

Subscriptions must in all cases be paid in advance.

☞ Subscribers finding this notice marked, will understand that the time for which they paid has nearly expired.

Your Subscription expires

BUSINESS CARDS.

J. B. FOSTER,
Commission Merchant,
AUCTIONEER,
And Commercial Broker,

Office—At the Merchants Mutual Marine Insurance Company's Office,

Will attend to the Sale of all descriptions of Merchandize and Real Estate by private or public sale.

Ballister & Batcheider,
Manufacturers and Dealers in
Boots, Shoes, and Rubbers.
NO. 27½ PEARL STREET,
Jos. F. Ballister, } BOSTON.
W. Treat Batcheider. }
nov7 6m

H. L. MITCHELL,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW
NO. 55 WEST MARKET SQUARE,
BANGOR, MAINE.
aug1

ROBERT TREAT & CO
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
CORN & FLOUR,
W. I. GOODS, GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS, SHIP CHANDLERY &C,
No. 90 Exchange St., Opposite Fen. Exchange
ROBERT TREAT,
nov7 dlt JOHN STRANGE.

HORATIO PITCHER,
COMMISSION and FORWARDING MERCHANT,
& DEALER IN
SHIP STORES and CHANDLERY,
Harris's Wharf, - - Savannah, Ga,
aug14

Pitcher, Fuller & Co.,
Commission Merchants and Receivers of Flour and Produce,
And Dealers in Ship Stores and Chandlery,
No. 220 Commercial Street,
H. W. PITCHER, } BOSTON.
C. H. FULLER, }
J. H. PITNER. } jan16'64

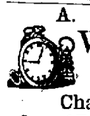
Bradbury & Sweat,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,
PORTLAND, MAINE.
Hon. BRADBURY. L. D. M. SWEAT.
Office, - - - 117 Middle Street.
nov24—2m

J. W. SYKES,
PURCHASER FOR EASTERN ACCOUNT
—OF—
FLOUR, GRAIN, SEEDS, PROVISIONS, LARD BUTTER, and WESTERN PRODUCE generally.

Particular attention given to shipping by quickest and cheapest routes. No. 152 *South Water street,*
Chicago, Illinois.

P. O. Box 471.

REFERENCES—Messrs. S. G. Bowdlear & Co., Maynard & Sons, H. & W. Chickering, C. H. Cummings & Co., Charles H. Stone, Hallett, Davis & Co., Boston; J. N. Bacon, Esq., President Newton National Bank, Newton, Mass.; C. B. Eddy, Esq., New York City. may24'65 dly



A. L. CHICK,
Watchmaker,
—AT—
Charles Sweet's,
Corner of Hammond and Franklin Sts.

☞ All kinds of Nice Watch Repairing done to order, and warranted. Work for the trade at a discount. nov18 3m

WOODMAN, TRUE & CO.,
Importers and Wholesale Dealers in
DRY GOODS & WOOLENS,
MANUFACTURERS AND
JOBBERS OF CLOTHING,
Nos. 54 and 56 Middle St.,
PORTLAND.
Geo. W. Woodman, } Wm. H. Morse,
Stra B. Hersey, } Geo. F. Gross.
Charles Bailey, }
dec11—3m

PENSIONS,
Bounties, & Arrears of Pay,
—PROCURED BY—
JAMES S. WILEY,
DULY AUTHORIZED CLAIM AGENT
DOVER, MAINE
☞ Office over Sawyer's Store may5 d&wtf

CROCKERY,
China and Glass Ware.



We are now opening NEW IMPORTATIONS of
CROCKERY WARE,
In Every Variety, including New Patterns
DINNER, TEA and TOILET WARE.
Also, a large assortment of
FANCY WARE,
PLAIN, ROUGHED, & ENAMELLED VASES,
FOR PAINTING, AND SELLING LOW AT
NO. 1 MAIN STREET.
dec 13 RICKER & IRELAND.

Norton & Doble
HAVE PURCHASED THE STAND OF CHAS. NOYES, Oldtown, and will carry on
CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING
In all its branches at lowest rates. Also, Blacksmithing and the manufactory of Edge Tools.—Painting of all kinds done to order. nov17 6

Dye Woods.
A HEAVY STOCK of DYE WOODS & STUFFS just received and for sale by
BLOOD & ROWE,
12 Exchange St.

BUSINESS CARDS.

NICKERSON & PAINE,
Attorneys & Counsellors at Law,
OFFICE, - - No. 10 Wheelwright & Clark's Block
(*Up two flights of Stairs.*)
Bangor, Aug. 2, 1865. dawtf

NORCROSS PERKINS & HERSEY,
Shipping, Forwarding
—AND—
General Commission Merchants,
NEW ORLEANS, LA.

A. W. NORCROSS. P. N. PERKINS. S. F. HERSEY.

Particular attention paid to consignments of vessels and merchandise. Cotton and sugar purchased on orders.

Refer to—Hon. H. Hamlin, Collector of the Port; Hon. Geo. C. Richardson, Pres't Board of Trade; Messrs. Ewd D. Peters & Co, Pierce & Bacon, Boston;—Ballentine, Lawrence & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Geo. K. Jewett, Esq., Bangor; Hon. Wm. McGilvery, Searsport; Hon. N. G. Hichborn, Stockton; Messrs. Wm. Pitcher & Son, Belfast; Cobb, Wight & Case, Rockland. oct7 3tawd&w6m

New Grocery Store!
Molesworth & Pattee,
No. 23 BROAD STREET
and No. 19 Pickering Square,
Will keep constantly on hand, for sale,
Flour, Meal, Pork, Lard, Teas,
COFFEES, SUGARS, MOLASSES,
and a variety of articles usually found in a Grocery Store, which they will sell CHEAP for CASH.
☞ Call and see.
W. S. PATTEE. J. G. MOLESWORTH.
oct12

E. T. Wasgatt, Dentist,
OFFICE, 2½ Kenduskeag Bridge
Up the same flight of stairs as Sawyer's Photograph Rooms.

Bounty and Pensions.
I AM prepared to obtain BOUNTIES due to the friends of deceased soldiers, and PENSIONS for those disabled in the service.
Charges moderate and attention prompt.
☞ Office on Hammond Street, opposite City Hall.
WM. C. CROSBY, Attorney.
Bangor, Feb. 20, 1864

United States Claim Agency
PERKINS & STEVENS,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
AND
ARMY & NAVY CLAIM AGENTS,
(*Authorized by U. S. Government*)
No. 1 MAIN ST., BANGOR.

PENSIONS, BOUNTIES, ARREARS OF PAY and PRIZE MONEY, and all claims against the Government, obtained for

Officers, Soldiers, Seamen,
AND THEIR HEIRS.

Claimants can apply by Letter or in person.
Information free of charge.
☞ Special attention given to suspended or rejected claims.

Perkins & Stevens,
GOVERNMENT AGENCY,
NO. 1 MAIN STREET, BANGOR, MAINE.

REFERENCES:
Hon. H. HAMLIN, Vice President U. S.
Hon. JOHN H. RICE, M. C.
Hon. JOHN APPLETON, Chief Justice, S. J. C.
Hon. JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge Prob.
December 20

REMOVAL.
J. H. Clergue, Hair Manufacturer,
WOULD RESPECTFULLY NOTIFY HIS friends and the public that he has removed his Barber Shop to
No. 119, Over Blood & Rowe's, Apothecaries.
And in connection with it has fitted a room especially for ladies, (entrance 115 Exchange street) where he keeps a large assortment of False Hair, Wigs, Half Wigs, Bands, Curls, Waterfalls, Rolls, Rats, Topsevs, Natural Scams; Hair matched of all colors; Hair Cut, Dyed and Shampooed. dec22

FURS!
FURS!! FURS!!!
The Largest Stock,
AND LOWEST PRICES,
At HERSEY'S,
jan 9 No. 20 Main Street.

OATS---OATS!
FOR SALE BY
Car Loads,
or less quantities, by
J. C. TOWLE & CO.,
No. 2 BROAD STREET.

CLOAKS,
—AT—
COST AND LESS!
—AT—
Thompson & Hichborn's.
jany 1

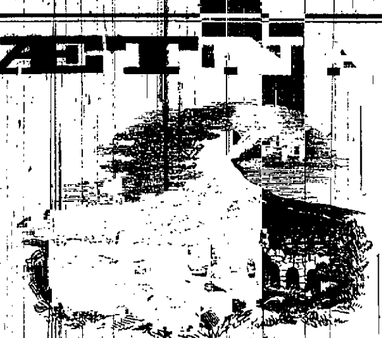
BUTTER!
CHOICE
FAMILY BUTTER,
JUST RECEIVED
J. C. Towle & Co,
jan 2 NO. 2 BROAD STREET.

LARD, PORK,
AND
MOLASSES!
10 BBLS. LEAF LARD,
25 " CLEAR PORK,
5 HHDS. NUEVITUS MOLASSES.
For sale low by GEO. W. LADD & CO.,
jan 9 Broad Street.

OILS!
SPERM, LARD,
WHALE, COAL,
NEATSFOOT, ELAINE,
and MYSTIC OILS.
For sale in lots to suit purchasers.
30dc6 by BLOOD & ROWE.

FLOUR! FLOUR!
400 Bbls. Western
AND
Extra State Flour,
At GEO. O. PICKERING'S,
jan 3—2m 45 West Market Square.

Notice.
THE Treasurer of the PENOBSCOT LUMBERING ASSOCIATION will pay back to the owners of logs that came through the Penobscot Boom, in the months of April and May, 1865, TEN DOLLARS per thousand feet over measure of boom-sticks entered Log. ABRAM MOOR,
Bangor, January 17, 1866. Treasurer P. L. A.



ÆTNA
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONN.

THE ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

Grew out of the Old Ætna Fire Insurance Company, having been first organized as a Branch of that Company. The Life Fund was afterward separated from the Fire Fund, with the same Stockholders as before. In 1851 the Mutual plan was combined with the Stock plan; by this combination the insured secure *all* the benefits of a Mutual, and the additional security which a safely invested capital affords. Since that time the ÆTNA has enjoyed unusual prosperity, and increased its business to an unprecedented extent. The energy and enterprise which have characterized its operations are best indicated by the following figures:—

The Receipts for the Year 1863 were $201,454 67.
The Receipts for the Year 1864 were 694,827 53.
The Receipts for the Year 1865 were 1,683,039 57.

The Number of Policies issued during the year 1865 was 8819.

This UNPARALLELED GROWTH or "attainment of breadth" of base is well regarded by competent authority as the true measure of success.

The ÆTNA pays a 50 per cent. dividend on the premiums of ordinary Life Policies TWO YEARS from the first payment of premium. This is 6 per cent better than the 30 per cent. dividend paid by other Companies *four years* from the first payment of premium. The Ætna issues the usual

Life Plan and the Endowment Plan, also the
TEN-YEAR NON-FORFEITING POLICIES,
TEN-YEAR NON-FORFEITING ENDOWMENT POLICIES.

The Ætna stands ahead in new business and with the lowest expenses, which is the best guarantee to the insured.

☞ All information cheerfully given and applications for policies taken by the subscribers.

JOHN S. KIMBALL & SON, Agents,
February 7 Nos. 30 and 32 Exchange Street.

BANGOR HOUSE;
Main Street, Bangor, Maine,
O. M. SHAW, - - - - - - - Proprietor.

☞ The above House is one of the largest and best arranged Hotels in the State. Its location is unsurpassed, being in a central position, easy of access, and nearest to the Steamboats and Railroad Stations. Stages leave the above House, daily, for all parts of the country. Oct. 13.

MARINE INSURANCE!
—AT—
HOME!
THE
Union Insurance Company
INSURES AGAINST ALL KINDS OF MARINE LOSSES at its Office, corner of State and Exchange Streets, Bangor.

Capital, . . $100.000!

DIRECTORS.

SAMUEL VEAZIE, President Veazie Bank.
Hon. SAMUEL F. HERSEY, Attorney.
AMOS M. ROBERTS, President Eastern Bank.
W. H. SMITH, President Lumbermen's Bank, Oldtown.
WM. McGILVERY, President Searsport Bank.
HENRY E. PRENTISS, Esq., Dealer in Timber Lands.
GEO. STETSON, President First National Bank, Bangor.
FRANKLIN MUZZY, Firm of F. Muzzy & Co.
ARAD THOMPSON, Firm of Thompson & Hichborn.
Hon. A. D. MANSON.
FRANCIS M. SABINE, Merchant.
Hon. JOHN A PETERS, Attorney General.
F. G. DUNN, Esq.
JOHN S. CHADWICK, Esq.
Hon. ISAIAH STETSON, Firm of Stetson & Co.
JAMES LITTLEFIELD, Esq., Com'n Merchant.
LEMUEL BRADFORD, Esq., Firm of Bradford, Hatton & Co.
NATHAN C. AYER, Firm of N. C. Ayer & Co.
THOS. J. STEWART, Esq., Com'n Merchant.

GEO. STETSON, Pres't.
J. S. CHADWICK, Sec'y.
January 25th—ts

Statement
OF THE BUSINESS OF THE
Merchants Mutual Marine Insurance Company,
For the year ending Dec. 31, 1865, and Exhibit of the condition of the Company at that date.

Amount at risk Jan. 1, 1865,	$469,233	$34,216 21
Amount of risks taken during the year,	1,426,399	73,069 56
	2,693,632	107,285 77
Terminated and re-insured	2,329,832	67,096 46
	565,650	40,189 31
Premiums earned, after paying Re-insurance,		60,851 51
Policy account,		298 50
Interest account,		4,513 82
Am't to profit and Loss, Dec. 31, 1864,	21,595 14	
Less amt dividends, 1864,	15,320 12	6,275 02
		71,938 85
Amount of Losses paid in 1865,	39,834 53	
Less collected, re-insurance &c.,	6,776 86	
	33,057 23	
Expenses, including In. Rec. tax,	3,567 86	
Profit and Loss for 1866,	35,372 76	71,938 85

ASSETS

Bills receivable,	$3,980 12
Cash,	15,501 58
Bangor City Bonds,	7,000 00
State of Maine Bonds,	2,512 50
U. S. 5-20 Bonds,	9,386 87
U. S. 7-30 Bonds,	5,100 00
Stock in 2d National Bank, Bangor,	10,000 00
Stock in Kenduskeag Nat. Bk., Bangor,	10,000 00
Due the Co. on sc., for premiums,	9,402 80
Office Furniture,	1,000 00
	$136,883 87

LIABILITIES.

Bills payable,	$69 00
Scrip of the Company,	65,875 00
Losses adjusted—unpaid,	1,820 28
Estimated to pay losses known, but not adjusted,	12,960 00
Estimated cost to reinsure all risks,	22,500 00
Balance of assets over actual and estimated liabilities,	42,076 59
	$136,883 87

S. H. DALE, President.
jan16 J. B. FOSTER, Secretary.

AXES! AXES!
470 DOZEN of the most favorite brands, bought for CASH before the recent advance, which I will sell at the lowest manufacturers prices.
Also, a Full Stock of
Hardware, Saws, Iron, Steel, Window Glass
PAINTS, OILS &c.
Also—100 TONS CUMBERLAND COAL.
Please give me a call before you buy.
At NOS. 139 and 141 EXCHANGE STREET.
aug 6 M. MORTON.

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK.
—OFFICE—
Corner of Hammond and Central Streets,
Bangor, Me.

Cash Assets,	$14.000.000
Income for Current Year, all Cash,	3.500.000
Paid Claims by Death since formation of Company,	6.000.000
Receipts from Interest alone,	5.000.000

The Advantages Offered by the
Mutual Life Insurance Co. OF NEW YORK,
ARE AS FOLLOWS:

It has a Larger Amount of ASSETTS than any other Company in this Country, amounting to

$14.000.000,

And are exclusively Cash!

DIVIDENDS ANNUALLY, and may be used as CASH in payment of PREMIUMS, or as an income when there is no Premium to pay.

Dividends declared upon a purely Mutual Plan, equitably dividing all the profits remaining after payment of expenses and the necessary reserve.

Rates of Premium are lower than in most Companies.

Premiums on Ten Year Policies cease at the expiration of ten years, making the Policy A PAID-UP POLICY, with Dividends still continuing a source of income during its existence.

All Policies issued by this Company participate in the Annual Distributions.

Policies issued so as to be non-forfeitable, except by reason of direct violation of the condition of the Policy.

The safest and best investment that you can make of a few dollars, is to place it in a LIFE INSURANCE POLICY.

READER, ARE YOU INSURED?

If not, call upon the undersigned, and take a policy upon your life in the

Mutual Life Insurance Co. OF NEW YORK.

The Best and Safest Company in the U. S.

Why is it the Best and Safest?

Because it has double the Cash Assets of any Life Insurance Company, and will earn more than any Company in this country for the Policy Holders.

No man with a dependent family is free from reproach, if his life is not insured.

See to it before it's too late. Secure an Insurance on your life in this Company, by so doing you have made a wise investment. You will have the satisfaction of knowing that (when you are called hence) those you have loved, cared and provided for while here, are beyond the reach of want through your prudence and wisdom.

Information given, blanks, statements and circulars furnished, on application either in person or by mail to

Charles P. Wiggin,
AGENT.

☞ Note carefully the name of this Company.—THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK, that it may not be confounded with others somewhat similar.
jan 17

RUBBER GOODS!
All kinds and descriptions,
AT THE
RUBBER STORE,
jan19. 139 *EXCHANGE STREET.*

NOTICE.
A LL SCRIP issued by the subscriber will have to after be forwarded to him, at Frankfort Mills, for redemption. Interest of the whole Bank.
CYRUS SHELLEY TREAT.
Frankfort Mills, Jan. 24, 1866 3tawtf

FURNITURE
WARE-ROOMS,
66 Main Street, - - - Bangor.



THE LARGEST AND BEST STOCK OF
FURNITURE
IN THE CITY, COMPRISING

RICH and Fashionable Black Walnut Parlor Suits, in Plush, Terry, Rep, Lasting and Hair Cloth.

Elegant Walnut and Ash Chamber Sets, Marble and Wood Top; also, very richly finished Painted and Enamelled Chamber Sets, of my own manufacture.

Marble and Wood Top Centre Tables, of various styles.

Black Walnut and Mahogany Sofas, Rocking, Reclining, Easy and Parlor Chairs, of every style.

Ottoman, French and Common Lounges, in Rep, Hair, Cloth and Damask.

Black Walnut Etageres, of the latest patterns, and richly carved.

Walnut and Ash Side-Boards, of the latest styles.

Grecian and Common Extension Tables, and Common Hard Wood and Pine Top Dining Tables.

Hat Trees, of numerous styles.

Cane and Wood-Seat Chairs, of every variety.

French and Common Bedsteads, Bureaus, Sinks, and Tilset Stands.

Looking Glasses of all sizes and styles, including Walnut Pier and Mantel Glasses, elegantly carved.

Painted Window Shades, Fixtures, Walnut Curtain Poles, Tassels, Door Mats, &c.

Clocks, from the best manufactory in the United States.

Fancy Walnut & Ash Brackets, of numerous styles

Book Cases, Office Desks, Show Cases, Wardrobes, &c., and all other articles in the Cabinet line, made to order.

Having in my employ as good and experienced workmen as there are in New England, I will warrant every article made to give perfect satisfaction.

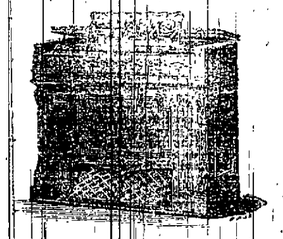
Curled Hair and Excelsior Mattresses of the best quality, of my own manufacture, which I will sell as low as can be purchased in New England.

☞ I have a machine for Picking and Cleansing Curled Hair and Cotton by the aid of which Old Hair and Cotton Mattresses can, for a trifling expense, be made as good as new.

☞ Having lately re-modelled my ware-rooms, 66 MAIN STREET, and extended them to the adjoining building, over the store of HATCH & WILLIAMS, I am prepared to sell to all who wish to favor me with a call, and patronize Bangor industry, as low as they can purchase in Boston.

G. W. MERRILL,
feb 7—3taw '66 MAIN STREET.

S. D. & H. W. SMITH'S
AMERICAN ORGANS
MANUFACTORY,
Tremont, opposite Waltham St.,
BOSTON, MASS.



The most perfect and beautiful Musical Instrument in the world for the American Home Circle.

THE AMERICAN ORGAN makes Home Attractive, and refines and elevates the minds of all. Beautiful in its appearance and effects.

Seventeen---17---First Premiums were awarded to the American Organs IN THE MONTH OF OCTOBER, 1865, over all Competitors, at different State and County Fairs.

First Premium awarded to the American Organs at the Great New York State Agricultural Fair at Rochester, September 1864, over the Whole catalogue exhibited by the most Celebrated Makers.

THE AMERICAN ORGANS are the ONLY REAL REED ORGANS now before the public.—The only Organ having a REVERBERATING SOUND BOX or WIND CHEST—which has the same important part to perform as the Sounding Board has in a Piano Forte (to give body and resonance of tone) and without which the Organ becomes merely a Melodeon in an Organ case. The American Organs not only have the Wind-Chest, or Sound-Box but have the large Organ Bellows, giving power and great steadiness of tone. These with their extreme fine voicing of the Reeds and perfecting of the tone, make them the MOST PERFECT ORGAN KNOWN. Then, in fineness of workmanship, finish of action, and case, they excel all others. These great improvements and superiority of tone and workmanship of the AMERICAN ORGANS place them in the first rank as the best, and command a higher price than any other reed instrument in the market. A careful examination of them in comparison with others, will quickly show their superiority.

Special attention is called to the style of AMERICAN ORGAN, No. 17, containing the Super-Octave Coupler and Sub-Bass. FOR CHURCHES in want of a powerful instrument, whose means are limited its price renders it very desirable.

EVERY ORGAN IS WARRANTED TO PROVE SATISFACTORY.

THE AMERICAN ORGANS all have the Reverberating Sound-Box, or Wind-Chest, and are finished in the highest style of art, in Rosewood, Jet Walnut, and Oak finish, richly Varnished and Polished, or in Smooth Oil Finish, forming elegant pieces of Furniture for the Parlor or Boudoir; and the Oak and Walnut especially adapted for Churches, Lecture and Lodge Rooms.

THE AMERICAN ORGANS are all finished with our new PATENT improvements, containing the improved Knee Swell, Double Bellows, two Blow Pedals, and TREMOLO found in no other instrument.

NEW STYLES OF CASES,
Richly Finished and Highly Ornamented.

☞ Illustrated Catalogues, containing cuts taken from Photographs, showing their relative size to each other, sent free.

Sold only by
W. K. FOSTER,
jan 16—3taw 3m Union Block, Main St.

Deering, Milliken & Co.,
Successors to G. L. Storer & Co.,
JOBBERS OF
Dry Goods, Woolens,
And Gent's Furnishing Goods.
Manufacturers of and Dealers in
Clothing and Cloaks.
AGENTS FOR
Empire Sewing Machines
FOR THE STATE OF MAINE.
58 and 60 Middle Street, PORTLAND.
nov24 6mos

FEBRUARY—Coins and Bank Note Reporter received by D. BUGBEE & CO.

Whig & Courier.

Daily Established 1834. - - Weekly 1815.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

For one square (amount of 15 lines this type,) one insertion,	$1 00
For one square, three times in the Daily,	1 50
For one square, one week,	2 00
each week's continuance,	75
For half-square, one time,	75
For half-square, three times,	1 00
For half-square, one week,	1 25
each week's continuance,	40
For one square, in Weekly, three times,	1 50
each week's continuance,	25

SPECIAL NOTICES.

$2,00 per square for first week—$1,00 per square for continuance.

DOUBLE COLUMN ADVERTISEMENTS, inserted at the rate of "Special Notices."

☞ Advertisements inserted *three times a week* at two-thirds price; *two times a week*, one half price; *one time a week* one-third price.

☞ Advertisements, where the time of insertion is not specially designated, will be continued until otherwise ordered.

☞ All Transient Advertising must be paid for in advance.

TELEGRAPHIC

Despatches to the Evening Times.

Matters in Washington—Rumored Changes—Texas State Convention.

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 13.

An accident occurred on the Rensselaer & Saratoga R. R., eight miles from Whitehall, by which the morning mail train from Troy consisting of four cars, was thrown from the track and precipitated down the embankment about 25 feet. The first passenger car in which there were about thirty passengers, struck a tree and was dashed to atoms. Six passengers and one employee were wounded, only two of them seriously. The accident was caused by a broken rail.

NEW YORK, Feb. 14.

A verdict of $4,800 was rendered, against a stock brokerage firm for selling stock without the consent of their employers.

The Tribune's special Washington despatch says:

It is rumored that Mr. Bancroft will be appointed Secretary of State at some future period.

The President has signed the appropriation bill for the expenses of the reconstruction committee.

The World's despatch says—

The House judiciary committee have rejected nearly all the various propositions to amend the constitution referred to them, and the bill fixing death penalty for counterfeiting fractional currency.

GALVESTON, Texas, Feb. 13.

Governor Hamilton sent a message to the Texas Convention to-day.

In the Convention, Judge Latimer, from Red River, introduced the following—

The people of Texas, in convention assembled, ordain and declare that the so-called ordinance of secession, adopted by the convention of the State of Texas, at Austin, Feb. 1, 1861, and all acts and proceedings of said convention, shall be and are declared to have been null and void from the date of their adoption, and they do hereby further declare that neither the State of Texas nor any other State of the Federal Union, has the right in the Constitution of the United States to secede or withdraw from the Union.

A motion to table the proposition made by Judge Frazier was lost—45 to 38.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 14.

At Knoxville, Tenn., yesterday, a negro was hung by a mob for shooting Lt-Colonel Dyer of the 1st Tenn. cavalry.

Yesterday the Kentucky Senate adopted the House resolution requesting the removal of the troops from the State, condemning the Freedmen's Bureau, asking for the restoration of the habeas corpus; and rejecting the constitutional amendment.

CINCINNATI, Feb 14.

The House passed the bill fixing eight hours for a day's labor, by a vote of 70 to 14.

NEW YORK, Feb 14.

Full details of the modus operandi of the detectives in securing the arrest of the robbers of the Concord Bank and their plunder, are published here this morning.

It appears that after many unsuccessful efforts on the part of Messrs. Heath, Jones and Hunt, Boston detectives, including trips to Philadelphia and other places, in which efforts they were aided by New York detectives, they finally, discovered some of the missing bonds on a man in this city who was willing to sell them.

Through his confessions and information, on Jan. 22d, detectives Hunt, Dunn, and some of the New York detectives, proceeded to Camden, N. J., opposite Philadelphia thence during the night, nineteen miles down the shore of the Delaware, to a cottage near the village of Paulsboro, where the chief robber, a notorious counterfeiter named Langdon W. Moore, alias Charley Adams, resided, who was taken to New York and committed on a charge of Burglary.

Nothing was found on Moore. The house was thoroughly searched, curtains pulled down, carpets ripped, desks broken open, beds examined, and the wainscotting and flooring of all the rooms examined, but the search was unsuccessful. On digging under the table, however, they found a glass jar hermetically sealed a few feet below the surface, which contained $100,000 in bonds.—They next dug some four feet below the sill of a water gate on the bank of the river, below high water mark, where they found a tin box containing $79,000 in bonds.

All the bonds have been identified by the bank officers, and altogether $196,481 of the stolen property were recovered, and given over to the bank officers. Moore is here in prison awaiting the requisition from the authorities of Massachusetts. By the statements of Moore, he and an accomplice waited eight months for an opportunity to rob the bank, and succeeded in doing so in broad day light by using false keys while the cashier was at dinner. Moore's accomplice was Harry Howard alias "English Harry," who has doubtless left the country.

INTERESTING INCIDENT. A Missouri officer, Col. King, lately arrived home from the Plains, brought with him a boy of 12 who had one morning come into his camp from the savage Sioux. The boy knew scarcely a word of our language, but by signs, grunts, and here and there an English word mixed up with his Sioux made out to tell that he was a "pale face," that he had had a "big fight" with a young Indian, whom he called "Young Buck," and had got his scalp; and that fearing the "old bucks" would kill him, he had fled on his little pony. It was "five wakes and four sleeps" since he fled. He counted the number on his fingers.

He seemed to have no knowledge of his parents or birthplace, or how he came to live with the Indians. A gentleman in Quincy, Ill., Mr. Sylvester, visited the boy and came to the conclusion that he is the son of his brother, now living in Oregon, who had a child stolen from him while crossing the Plains in 1860.

The engineer of a train near Newburyport discovered a man standing between the rails one evening last week. The locomotive bell and whistle failing to remove him the engine was reversed but it was too late. The train went over the figure and some distance beyond before it could be arrested. The trainmen then hastened back for the mangled remains and discovered themselves the victims of a heartless sell. It was a suit of old clothes stuffed and arranged to human resemblance. The affair is being investigated and if the perpetrators are discovered it will prove a sorry joke for somebody.

AN OLD BAKE-HOUSE AT THE NORTH END. The bake-house at the corner of Hanover avenue (formerly Broad alley) and Hanover street [Boston] now occupied by Mr. Stone, is said to have been the first one built in the town of Boston, and the first bread used by the Old South Church Society, for communion service, was made at this old North End bake-house. Gov. Hutchinson and other prominent men also obtained their bread at this place. The estate has been occupied and owned by Mr. Tremere, grocer, for over half a century. At the corner of Salutation street, adjoining the bake-house, are several old frame buildings belonging to the Fuller heirs. One of them has a plastered front with the letter "B," and a crown bearing date 1720.

THE PECULATING RAILROAD CONDUCTORS. A Concord (N. H.) letter in the Boston Journal says:

Mr. Whitcher of Hooksett states that for a long time he has been in the habit of supplying conductors upon the Concord line, and to some extent upon other routes, with pails, tubs, brooms, firkins and other articles of that character, in considerable quantities, and that his pay was invariably in railroad tickets. Sometimes he would receive two or tickets, and then again as high a number as twenty or even thirty. He was accustomed to sell them to any parties where he thought they could be safely used. It is stated that Mr. Whitcher sold two hundred dollars' worth of tickets to one dry goods firm in Manchester and fifty dollars' worth to another firm in the same place, taking various articles from the stores in payment. Parties in Boston and in Concord are also reported to have received numerous tickets from the same source. It is surprised that Mr. Whitcher is only one of many agents who have been engaged in this ticket-selling business.

Transactions like the above are only slight offenses compared with the alleged withholding of fares paid in the cars. Major Carney's method of detection was to transport soldiers over the railroad ostensibly for claim-agency purposes, paying their fares in money and afterward examining the way-bills of the conductors to see the amount of money returned to the ticket office at the close of the trip. Only a few experiments were required to show that most of the money paid for fares went in the wrong direction. The examination of the way-bills of the conductors for several years past showed at once the state of affairs. One conductor returned for the first year of his running some three thousand dollars; for the past year, with circumstances equally favorable, less than one thousand. Another conductor, running some twenty-five miles, and, ticketing still further, returned for several weeks an average of fifty cents a train; at another time an average of seventy cents a train. Still another conductor ran about thirty-five miles and ticketed about that distance beyond his route, yet he returned on an average only about three dollars and a half for a train.—The comparison of conductors' way-bills for different seasons of the year, and upon various branches of the line where the travel was always in different proportions, developed some interesting facts. Light trains under one conductor would sometimes net double the proceeds of heavy trains under other conductors. The amount of money returned by the conductors after they discovered the detective system is reported to have been three times as large as the sums found upon their way-bills when all was "quiet on the line."

Five of the discharged conductors have had attachments placed upon all their property which can be found. The attachments in Concord are for $100,000, and one in Portsmouth for $20,000. The tickets illicitly sold by the conductors are said to be the same as purchased at the regular offices, but that they were taken up *unpunched*. It is now thought that the disclosures yet to be made in the matter will be more astonishing than anything which has yet come to light.

A RARE CHANCE!
Millinery Stock and Fixtures
FOR SALE.

S. H. HERSAM & CO., wishing to close up business, offer at a great *Bargain* their Choice Assorted *Stock of Millinery Goods* and Store Fixtures, with *Store Rent*, reasonable, at their well known and long established stand,
CORNER OF MAIN AND LISBON STREETS,
Lewiston, Feb 1, 1866—l5 d2weod & w2w

Baltimore Commission House
The Long Established Firm of
STALL & CO.
Are still prepared to receive Consignments of *Potatoes, Onions, and all kinds of Produce*, and as in the past 20 years, will continue to devote our personal attention to all consignments, and give our best efforts to afford satisfaction to all who may favor us with their patronage, by prompt attention to this interest.
STALL & CO.,
No. 132 Pratt Street Wharf.
References—John Clarke, President Citizens Bank, Thomas Mathews, Kelsey & Gray, Purvis & Co., Bankers, Thomas Pearce, merchant, Leth. Rich, Wintersport, Capt. Reuben Stubbs, Capt. Richard Ritchie, Thomas Kilburn, Bucksport.
aug18 3taw6m*

Colgate's Honey Soap.
This celebrated Toilet Soap, in such universal demand, is made from the choicest materials, is mild and emollient in its nature, fragrantly scented, and extremely beneficial in its action upon the skin.—For sale by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers
Sold by N. S. HARLOW.
jan30 *eo &wlw* Bangor

The Place to Get
GOOD SIGNS!
Of every description, *CHEAP*,
IS AT
MARSTON & SON'S,
127 EXCHANGE STREET.
3taw

Dr. Bushnell's New Book,
VICARIOUS SACRIFICE: Thoughts in Furtherance of Reflection, by Goulburn; On Study of the Bible, by Goulburn. Received by
E. F. DURRIN.
jan 22

BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

Whig & Courier.

WHEELER & LYNDE, PROPRIETORS.

WM. H. WHEELER, EDITOR.

Business letters should be addressed to the Publishers, "WHEELER & LYNDE."

THURSDAY, FEB. 15, 1866.

CONGRESS AND THE PRESIDENT. It is evident enough from the utterances of President Johnson upon several recent occasions, that there are decided differences of opinion between him and the majority in Congress, relative to reconstruction, and to questions touching the future of the freedman.—Whether these differences of opinion and judgment are to become conflicts in action remains to be seen; and until such shall be the case it is not advisable for those who do or do not agree with the President to assume that there will be such conflicts. He has the right to express his opinion upon these questions, and it is perhaps his conscientious duty to do so,—although not in such a manner as shall amount to a dictation of the course of Congress in its legislative duties; but it does not necessarily follow that these expressed opinions are to be followed by decisive opposition in action, in the shape of Executive vetoes or a use of the power of Executive patronage against such legislators and their friends as do not register his will. The President may concede to the decision of the people as expressed through Congress, or there may be some means found of reconciling conflicting opinions without compromising principle. President Johnson views things somewhat as a Southern man, and with Southern ideas of the low capacity of the colored race, and the necessity of its close control or guardianship by the white race; and he is hence unwilling to go so far towards giving the freedmen equal rights and privileges, and in emancipating him from white control, as the northern friends of freedom regard necessary to the future safety of the Republic and the due advancement of the great Republican principle of Equal and Exact Justice to all. For this opinion President Johnson is not to blame. It is not for us to declare dictatorially that he is wrong. We may hope that there will be no collision between the Executive and Legislative branches, and we do not wish therefore to discuss the matter in advance, or to assume that there will be any insurmountable difficulty in the way of a harmonious decision of the questions at issue. Of one thing, however, we may say, we are perfectly confident, viz.: that the people of the loyal and free States, will uphold Congress in standing firmly by those great principles of Justice and Right, which were vindicated by the successful war against rebellion; and that they will consent to no arrangement or compromise which shall leave power in the hands of the rebel States to overturn all that was accomplished by the war in favor of Human Rights and Republican Government. The Boston Journal well says that "the President has certain duties devolved upon him in the process of reconstruction, which are distinct from those which rest upon Congress. But it so happens that the former are of a preparatory nature, so that even in case they should not be wisely performed in all respects in the opinion of Congress, the latter body could withhold the stages of completion. Thus the President may deem the late rebellious States so nearly fitted for a return to the Union that he may withdraw their Provisional Governors, remit them to their own chosen governments and wish for their resumption of loyal relations in all respects. But so long as Congress, taking a different view of the matter, declines to receive the representatives of these States, they must remain as they are, and the work of reconstruction goes over, to await an improvement in the late rebel communities or the ratification or overruling of Congress by the pronounced will of the people at the polls.

Much as we should deprecate a collision, we have to say that there are things much worse. It would be much worse, for instance, to see the great loyal party of the North yielding and yielding so far that it lost its distinctive principles and died, as it surely would die, under such a forfeiture.—In that event, there would be no adequate body of freemen to take its place, the work of reconstruction would be patched up out of false expedients, and the country would take another wrong departure, inevitably to pay for it in trouble, convulsion and bloodshed. No such terrible mistake must be allowed. For the sake of accomplishing something toward a right settlement, minor matters may well be waived; some measures even desirable may be put over to the future; but there must be no faltering from the great principles of justice and freedom, wherever the exigencies of the times have brought them up for action. Our Senators and Representatives may rely upon it that the people are with them on this ground, and will carry them through triumphantly."

In reference to the astounding reports respecting the action of the President and his Cabinet on the Freedmen's Bureau bill which were sent North last night, it may be said that four members of the Cabinet concur in saying that neither the bill nor its subject-matter have, at any time, been brought before the Cabinet council, and so, of course, there has been neither vote nor discussion upon it. Moreover the bill was not sent from the Capital to the President this afternoon, and there is the best authority for stating that the President some time ago expressed his hearty concurrence in the general principles of the bill, and said he was glad that Congress had turned its attention to matters of needed practical legislation.

The reconstruction committee to-day reported, in both houses their second proposed amendment to the Constitution in the following words:

"Congress shall have power to make all laws which shall be necessary and proper to secure to citizens of each State all privileges and immunities of citizens in the several States, and to secure to all persons in the several States equal protection to life, liberty and property."—[Special to the Boston Advertiser.

—The Cognac, a French journal, states that the cultivation of vines for brandy distillers' use has decreased in France in a remarkable degree, in consequence of the gradual decline in the price of Cognac brandy and the increase in the value of other produce.

Lumbermen's State Convention.

BANGOR, Feb. 13th, 1866.

Agreeable to the invitation of the Lumbermen of Bangor, published on the 2d instant in the Whig & Courier, the Lumbermen from various sections of the State having convened at City Hall, at 10 o'clock A. M., Gen. Samuel F. Strickland, President of "The Bangor Lumbermen's Meeting," called the Convention to order and nominated the Hon. Abner Coburn, of Skowhegan, for President. Upon motion of Geo. W Ladd, Esq., Chas. W. Roberts, of Bangor, was nominated Secretary.

The Convention being thereby organized, Hon. Henry E. Prentiss, of Bangor, submitted the following motion, viz.:

That a committee of seven from the members of this Convention be nominated by the Chair to draft a memorial for presentation to Congress, in aid of the Lumber interest of Maine, and adverse to the renewal of the Reciprocity Treaty, so called.

The following gentlemen constituted the above Committee, viz.:

Henry E. Prentiss, Bangor.
Samuel Longfellow, Machias.
David W. Campbell, Cherryfield.
N. O. Mitchell, Gardiner.
R. H. Hinckley, Portland.
John Holyoke, Brewer.
I. D. Sturgis, Vassalboro.

On motion of Maj. Hastings Strickland, of Bangor, a committee of five was appointed to report to the Convention the amount of lumber (all kinds included) cut and manufactured annually throughout the State. The aforesaid Committee consisted of the following gentlemen, viz.:

Hastings Strickland, Bangor.
John K. Ames, Machias.
Otis S. Godfrey, Cherryfield.
Joshua Gray, Gardiner.
Geo. W. Ladd, Bangor.

On motion of George Walker, Esq., a committee of seven, comprising the following gentlemen, was nominated to recommend to the Convention some suitable rate of tariff upon all lumber introduced into the State from the Provinces:

George Walker, Machias.
Wm. H. Smith, Bangor.
H. W. Jewett, Gardiner.
Eben Blunt, Bangor.
Samuel N. Campbell, Cherryfield
Ezra Tolman, Fairfield.
Daniel McCullock, Oldtown.

Geo. W. Ladd, Esq., of Bangor, then moved that a committee of seven be raised to take into consideration an act passed in Congress Jan. 31, 1866, entitled an act to further secure American citizens certain privileges under "The Treaty of Washington." The Chair, agreeable to the above motion, appointed said Committee as follows, viz.:

Geo. W. Ladd, Bangor.
Franklin Smith, Waterville.
Samuel H. Blake, Bangor
A. M. Roberts, Bangor.
Richard M. Woodman, Oldtown.
Daniel Gray, Gardiner.
Ludwig Holway, Machias.

Hon. S. H. Blake, although heartily endorsing the action of the Convention, declined serving on this Committee, as he saw before him so many more practical lumbermen than himself. To fill this vacancy Hon. Gorham L. Boynton was nominated.

In the absence of other business for the moment, Hon. Henry E. Prentiss, of Bangor, read several spirited letters in regard to the interests of Maine as effected by the Reciprocity Treaty, from Congressmen Blaine, Rice, Pike, &c.

The third section of the Reciprocity Treaty as originally constructed and passed was then read by Mr. Ladd, of Bangor, merely to call the attention of the Convention to the unfitness and absurdity of the same.

Hon. S. H. Blake being invited to address the Convention, briefly signified his concurrence in the importance of the present meeting of the Lumbermen of the State, at the same time advising that a general and thorough understanding should, if possible, be arrived at, so that every section of our State might be able to clearly decide as to the most proper and just course to take in reference to the Reciprocity Treaty, as far as said Treaty influences the various interests of the State.

On motion of Mr. Prentiss the Convention was then adjourned until 2½ o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of giving the various committees an opportunity to arrange their reports.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Convention being called to order, Hon. H. E. Prentiss, Chairman Committee on Memorial to Congress, begged leave to submit the following, which was unanimously adopted by the Convention:

MEMORIAL.

To the Hon. Senate and House of Representatives of the United States in Congress assembled:

The manufacturers of Lumber, and other persons connected with the lumber business in the State of Maine, assembled in Convention at Bangor, on Tuesday, the thirteenth day of February, 1866, humbly protest against any renewal of the Reciprocity Treaty, or other arrangement with the British Provinces, by which the various kinds of lumber shall be introduced into the United States from those Provinces subject to any less duties than are imposed on lumber from other countries, or on the various manufactures of cotton, wool, iron, hemp, or anything else brought into the United States from other countries

We do not object to equal burdens with people pursuing other avocations, and we feel ourselves entitled to rights.

The price of our mill-saws, chains, and various machinery and implements of iron, of almost every article of clothing, and indeed almost everything else that is bought by the people employed in the several departments of our business, is very much increased by the duties imposed on these articles, for the protection of our people who are engaged in the manufacture of them, and for the increase of the national revenue.

We must have the same protection for our lumber, or our business will be ruined. Protection against us, enhancing the price of all we buy, and free-trade also against us in what we have to sell, are more than we can bear.

The manufacturing portions of the country, which are prospering greatly under our *system of protection*, must not in their desire for cheap lumber forget that we belong to the same nation, and are entitled to the benefit of the same system of Protection.

Believing that system to be necessary for the prosperity of the country and the payment of the national debt, we trust that its friends will practice fair play towards each other.

The lumber business, including the cutting, hauling, driving, rafting, manufacturing, transportation and selling of the lumber is one of the leading occupations in the United States. No occupation is more indispensable to the whole people. It furnishes employment directly to several millions of our people, and furnishes the most complete home market for other millions of farmers on the borders of the forests and the vicinity of the mills, and of mechanics and manufacturers all over the country. In those extensive sections of country where it is a leading business, whenever it suffers, the whole section of country suffers with it. When it prospers, the whole region shares in that prosperity.

The United States and the separate States have, from early times, adopted the policy of selling their public lands, and most of the timber lands of the United States are owned by private individuals who understand their value, and are generally able to keep them, and who ask for stumpage according to the location, say from one to three dollars per thousand feet on spruce, and from three to five dollars on pine.

In the Provinces, the forests are largely owned by the Government, and have been always regarded, not as a source of revenue, but as a means of furnishing occupation to the people; and permits, or rights to operate over extensive limits, have been granted from period to period to individuals, at merely nominal sums, it being understood that those rights are to be renewed from time to time.—In some of the Provinces the mills squares are put up at auction at a minimum price of four dollars a square mile: and generally, by arrangement among the lumbermen, struck off for about that sum, so that the stumpage on pine and spruce lumber frequently costs only from one to three cents a thousand. In Canada, large pine costs about fifty cents a thousand.

Labor is much higher in the United States than in the Provinces, because, under our system of Government, our laboring men assert the right, which every one admits, of being better housed, better clothed, better fed, and better educated than those of any other country.

The contrast is still against us in regard to taxation: our high taxes, National, State, and Municipal, increase the prices of everything, and add very much to the cost of manufactured lumber.

We do not ask prohibitory duties, which shall exclude lumber from the British Provinces or elsewhere, but only for such as will enable the lumbermen of the United States, after the protection now furnished by the high price of gold is removed, to continue their business with fair success, such as will compel the importer to contribute to the public revenue, and will balance the advantages above alluded to, which free trade in lumber would give him over us. And such duties may not be, upon the whole, adverse to the permanent interest of the buyers of lumber; for without them the domestic manufacturer would be driven from the market, and the importer would ask such prices as he pleased.

The duties on manufactures of wool, cotton, and iron, where the raw material like lumber is produced in the United States, will certainly average more than twenty-five per cent, of the wholesale value of the articles at the places where the duty is paid. That percentage of the ordinary value of pine and spruce boards, plank, and scantling, and sawed or hewed timber, would give a specific duty of at least four dollars a thousand feet, board measure.

Specific duties, of so much a thousand, are the most convenient and the least liable to evasion, or abuse. The experience of lumbermen in regard to ad valorem duties on lumber is such as to satisfy us that such duties would yield little revenue to the Government, and little protection to domestic lumber.

Without presuming to occupy the time of Congress with opinions not connected with our own business, we beg leave to add, that we are not able to see any good reason, founded on necessity, propriety, justice, or policy, why the United States should extend special favors to the people of the British Provinces, not granted to other friendly nations, nor consistent with our mode of raising a revenue, and our system of protecting our own industry; and calculated to involve us in difficulties with other countries, and operating unjustly among our own citizens.

Should no arrangement be made with the Provinces, but alterations in our tariff occupy the attention of Congress, we ask that the facts and arguments herein submitted may then be considered.

The higher taxes and higher price of labor, in the United States than in the Provinces, as well as the higher price of land, operate against the farmers as well as the lumbermen; and we believe that their interests, opinions, and feelings on this subject harmonize with ours.

Major Strickland, Chairman Committee to report quantity of Lumber (every description included (cut and manufactured annually throughout the State, reported Eleven Hundred and Fifty Millions as being the amount—valuation of the same about Twenty Millions of dollars. The above report being accepted, Geo. W. Ladd, Esq., Chairman Committee on Treaty of Washington, submitted the following report, which was unanimously adopted:

The Committee to whom was referred the subject matter of the Bill now pending in Congress, "To further secure American citizens certain privileges under the treaty of Washington," ask leave to

REPORT.

That the importance of this matter, needs more attention than the limited time afforded by your committee will allow. They do not deem it expedient, to urge any objections to the introduction of American Lumber, free of duty cut on the waters of St. John, providing it could be done without opening a door for all Lumber, when our markets are the best.

We regard the provisions of the Bill as highly detrimental to our interest, ruinous to the Lumbering interests of this State, believing that when the American markets are the best, a large portion of the Lumber cut on the St. John River will claim to be American, and will find our market as of American production.

Who can be found to trace a log cut and floated down the St. John river through their booms and mills to the docks, and from thence to vessels of export, to know its nativity?

We regard the proposition as absurd, and attended with objections so serious as to render all legislation on the subject of regulating it or preventing numerous frauds, as utterly futile.

As it is well understood that all lumber cut and run down our boundary rivers always (so far as its selling is concerned) is claimed to belong and to have been produced by the country then having the best market; and it seems to your Committee that it is a bill for the enlargement of the benefits of the "Treaty of Washington" to a few individuals owning lands on the St. John river, to the manifest injury of the other lumbering interests of the United States.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES,
JANUARY 31, 1866.

Read twice and referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

AN ACT to further secure American citizens certain privileges under the treaty of Washington.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the produce of the forests of the State of Maine upon the Saint John river and its tributaries, owned by American citizens, and sawed or hewed in the Province of New Brunswick by American citizens, (the same being unmanufactured in whole or in part,) which is now admitted into the ports of the United States free of duty, shall continue to be so admitted under such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury shall from time to time prescribe.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That this act shall take effect from and after the seventeenth day of March, eighteen hundred and sixty-six.

Passed the House of Representatives January 31, 1866. Attest:

EDWARD McPHERSON, Clerk.

George Walker, Esq., of Machias, Chairman Committee in regard to rate of tariff, &c., reported as follows. Report unanimously accepted:

DUTIES ON LUMBER OF FOREIGN GROWTH, IMPORTED INTO THE UNITED STATES.

Sawed Pine Boards, Plank, Scantling, and Timber,				$5,00	per M.
" Spruce do.	do.	do.	do.	3,00	"
" Hemlock	do.	do.	do.	3,00	"
" Hardwood	do.	do.	do.	5,00	"
Pine Clapboards,				10,00	"
Spruce do.				5,00	"
Rift Pine and Cedar Shingles,				1,00	"
Sawed Pine and Cedar Shingles,				0,60	"
Spruce Shingles,				0 40	"
Laths,				0,50	"
Pine Pickets or Palings, 4 ft. long, 3 in. wide,				5,00	"
(Other lengths and sizes in proportion.)					
Spruce Pickets or Paling, 4 ft. long, 3 inches wide,				3,00	"
(Other lengths and sizes in proportion.)					
Hemlock Bark,				$2,00	per Cord.
Juniper Timber, (round or hewn,)				1,00	per Ton.
Hardwood Ship Timber,				2,50	"
Juniper Knees, 6 in. and under, 4 cents per inch; and 1c. addition for every additional inch.					
Paling, ½ cent per running foot.					
Spars, 10 inches and under, ½ ct. per running foot. over 10 inches,				2 cts.	"
Railroad Ties,				5 cts.	per piece.
Wood—Hard,				$1,00	per Cord.
Soft,				0,50	"

All other kinds of Lumber, not enumerated, a tax of 25 per cent. of the appraised value at the place of importation, less the freight, or a specific duty on each, in proportion to the duty on the articles above enumerated.

On motion of Major Hastings Strickland, a committee of seven was appointed to choose three delegates to wait on our Senators and Representatives in Congress, in relation to the true Lumber Interest of Maine, in accordance with the sense and spirit as expressed by this Convention.

The delegation was appointed as follows, and instructed to leave for Washington immediately:

Hon. Abner Coburn, Skowhegan.
" Henry E. Prentiss, Bangor.
George Walker, Esq., Machias.

On motion of Hon. A. M. Roberts of Bangor,

Voted, That it is the opinion and wish of this Convention, that our Legislature now in session, should pass resolutions requesting our delegation in Congress to strenuously oppose every attempt at extension or renewal of the Reciprocity Treaty.

On motion of Geo. W. Ladd, Esq.,

Voted, That the proceedings of this Convention be published in all the newspapers throughout the State, and copies of the same forwarded to our Senators and Representatives in Congress.

During the afternoon session spirited remarks, tending to preserve the lumber interest of the State, were made by the Chairman, Hon. G. L. Boynton of Bangor, Geo. W. Ladd, Esq., I. D. Sturgis of Vassalboro, Hon. Wm. H. McCrillis, and others.

No further business coming before the Convention, adjourned.

ABNER COBURN, President.
CHAS. W. ROBERTS, Secretary.

—A Democratic christian in Illinois wrote to a colored brother, protesting against his worshipping with the whites, and saying:—"I and many others would think quite as well of you if you would attend church among your own kind, and after we leave this world, if it is the will of God that all races should be equal, I am willing."

—John Myers of Greenfield, freight conductor on the Western Railroad, between Pittsfield and Albany, was instantly killed near Albany on the 8th, by falling from the top of a freight car, beneath the train. Sixteen cars passed over his body, mutilating it in a most shocking manner.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Official.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE,
Washington, February 8, 1866.

Information has been received at this Department from Mr. Timothy Smith, the Consul of the United States at Odessa, Russia, of the death, during the month of July or August 1865, at Constantinople, of Mark Finn, an American citizen and a native of Whitefield, Maine, where it is supposed his mother now resides.

The legal representatives of the deceased can obtain further information by addressing this Department.

feb 15—3t

M. M. R. A. Chapter.

Special Convocation this, (THURSDAY) evening, at 6½ o'clock.
A full attendance is requested.
Per Order, J. BURBANK, Secretary.
feb 15

Wanted,

To assist in duties of HOUSE-KEEPING in a small family in this city, an American woman, well acquainted with domestic affairs, who is willing to devote her energies for a liberal compensation, can find a good place by enquiring at this office.
feb 14—sn 1w

UNIVERSALIST LEVEE.

The young Ladies of the Universalist Society will hold a LEVEE at NOROMBEGA HALL, on

THURSDAY EVENING, FEBR'Y 15th.

The Entertainments will consist of Music, Tableaux, Dancing, &c., &c.

Clam Chowder, Hulled Corn, Ice Cream, Hot Coffee and other refreshments, will be served at reasonable rates.

In the course of the evening an elegant SILVER SERVICE will be awarded to the resident Minister of Bangor who receives the largest number of votes. Come one and all, secure this beautiful present for your Minister. It will be on exhibition at C. C. Williams' Jewelry Store, No. 27 Main St.

Admission Fee 25 cents—Voting 10 cents.
Tickets at the door. feb 8—sn

THE PENOBSCOT SHEEPKEEPER'S ASSOCIATION will meet at the Burrill School House, in Dedham, on TUESDAY, the 20th day of February at 10 o'clock A. M.
D. M. DUNHAM, Secty.
feb 6—6t 3taw

O. G. PARSLEY & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND

Commission Merchants,

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

Will attend to the purchase, sale and shipment of

All Kinds of Produce,

And solicit Consignments of Vessels.

—REFER TO—

GEORGE STETSON, Esq., President First National Bank, Bangor.
MESSRS. FOGG & BRIDGES, Bangor.
J. H. BEALL, Pres'nt 2d National Bank, Boston.
MESSRS. CHARLES SMITH & Co., Boston.
dec1—sn 6m

THROUGH TICKETS

TO THE

Oil Regions, Canada,

OR THE

WEST!

$6,00 Less than at any other Office,

VIA THE

Grand Trunk Railway!

Also, Tickets by all principal Routes through

BOSTON OR NEW YORK,

FROM BANGOR, TO THE

WEST, NORTH, and SOUTH WEST.

For reliable information or tickets, call at the OLD ESTABLISHED TICKET OFFICE, 22 West Market Square, or the Maine Central Depot, and all principal Ticket Offices in Maine.

Wm. Flowers,
EASTERN AGENT.
jan 18, 1866

Musical Notice.

The undersigned desires to inform the Musical Public of Bangor and vicinity, and those wishing to study the Piano Forte, that Miss Georgia Pearson has been studying the Literature and Theory of Music, under the "Celebrated Cheve System" for the last two months, and he recommends her as competent to teach it, as far as she has gone, with great advantage to her pupils.

JOSEPH BORRA,
Bangor, Aug. 28, 1865. 6m

TICKETS TO ALL POINTS WEST,

VIA

BOSTON OR NEW YORK,

Over all the First Class Roads, at the LOWEST PRICES, for sale by

P. M. Blake, Agent,
No. 9, Central St., Bangor.
jan 1, '67—d&w

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER has proved itself to be the most perfect preparation for the hair ever offered to the public.

It is a vegetable compound, and contains no injurious properties whatever.

IT WILL RESTORE GRAY HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR.

It will keep the hair from falling out.

It cleanses the scalp and makes the hair soft, lustrous and silken.

It is a splendid hair dressing.

No person, old or young, should fail to use it.

IT IS RECOMMENDED AND USED BY THE FIRST MEDICAL AUTHORITY.

Ask for *Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer*, and take no other.

R. P. HALL & CO.,
Nashua, N. H., Proprietors.

For sale by all druggists.
aug25 6md&w

SMOLANDER'S EXTRACT BUCKU

Is especially recommended by the Medical Faculty for the cure of Diseases of the Stomach and *Kidneys, Rheumatism, General Debility, Dropsies, Chronic Gonorrhœa*, and *Cutaneous Diseases*. For those suffering from the effects of *excesses of any kind* it is perfectly *invaluable*. For *Female Complaints* it is a *priceless remedy*. It never fails to effect *a cure*. It is the *BEST* and *CHEAPEST* preparation of Bucku offered to the public.

Price, One Dollar per bottle.

For sale by W. L. ALDEN & CO and N. S. HARLOW.

Agent for Maine, W. W. WHIPPLE, Portland.
BURLEIGH & ROGERS, Wholesale Druggists, Boston, General Agents.
nov27 d&w3m

Dr. Sanger,

Having returned to Bangor will resume the practice of

Medicine and Surgery.

Residence—Penobscot Exchange. *Office*—No 90 Main street, nearly opposite W. L. Alden & Co.
oct12

ITCH! ITCH! ITCH!
SCRATCH! SCRATCH! SCRATCH!

Wheaton's Ointment

Will Cure the Itch in 48 Hours.

Also cures SALT RHEUM, ULCERS, CHILBLAINS, and all ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN.—Price 50 cents. For sale by all druggists.

By sending 60 cents to WEEKS & POTTER, Sole Agents, 170 Washington street, Boston, it will be forwarded by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States. oct 26—d&wly.

Perry's Moth and Freckle Lotion.

Chloasma, or Mothpatch, (also Liverspot,) and Lentigo, or Freckles, are often very annoying, particularly to ladies of light complexion, for the discolored spots show more plainly on the face of a blonde than a brunnette; but they greatly mar the beauty of either; and any preparation that will effectually remove them *without injuring the texture or color of the skin*, is certainly a desideratum. Dr. B. C. Perry, who has made diseases of the skin a specialty, has discovered a remedy for these discolorations, which is at once prompt, infallible and harmless.

Prepared only by B. C. PERRY, Dermatologist, No. 49 Bond Street, New York, and for sale by all druggists in Bangor, by Warren L. Alden, Wholesale Agent; price $2.00 per bottle. Call for PERRY'S MOTH AND FRECKLE LOTION.
nov6 3tawD&W—6m

ARMY ITCH!

Dr. Duponci's Lotion.

POSITIVELY

An Infallible Cure for Itch!

in any form. Manufactured by
B. F. BRADBURY, Sole Proprietor,
jan30 6msn No. 8 Smith's Block.

WARREN'S COUGH BALSAM

has been found by experience to be the

BEST REMEDY

For the various diseases of the Lungs and Throat such as

DIPHTHERIA,

ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, CONSUMPTION, CROUP INFLUENZA, PLEURISY, PNEUMONIA, OR INFLAMMATION OF THE LUNGS, AND WHOOPING COUGH.

In these complaints this medicine has NO SUPERIOR, and while thus efficacious it is perfectly safe to administer to persons of all ages.

The Cough Balsam possesses the two-fold advantage of being at once valuable as a curative and invaluable as a preventive of all the diseases of the Throat, Lungs and Bronchia.

The world is challenged to produce a compound of equal efficacy and safety.

. Prepared and sold by AMBROSE WARREN, Botanic Druggist, No. 1 Granite Block, East Market Square, Bangor, Me. dec 16 sn 16w D&W

Great Reduction of Fares!

TO THE

Oil Regions of Canada!

$25 00 to London and Return,

From Portland, Yarmouth, and Danville Junctions, or

$35 00 From Bangor to London AND RETURN.

London is the Terminus of a branch of the

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY,

It is a city of 16,000 inhabitants; has good Hotels is 41 miles East from Bothwell; the fare from London to Bothwell is about $1.25.

TICKETS can be procured only at the Maine Central and E. & N. A. Rail Road Depots, and at the Company's Office

NO. 22 WEST MARKET SQUARE.

WM. FLOWERS,
EASTERN AGENT.
Jan'y 24 1866.—sn

Doct. MORISON

Has REMOVED to Patten Court, tenement formerly occupied by Moses Patten, Esq.

Office on Hammond Street, opposite the Court House.
nov4

Alfred H. Bissell,

TEACHER OF THE

PIANO FORTE, MELODEON AND ORGAN,

Music Room over the store of Mr. CHAS. HALE, MAIN ST.
dec28—sn3m

THOMAS J. STEWART,
Shipping and Commission Merchant and Ship Broker,
Office, No. 1 Mercantile Square
june8 '63

M. T. COLKINS

HAS MARKED DOWN HIS ENTIRE

CLOAK STOCK,

AND WILL SELL

FOR A FEW DAYS ONLY,

Thirty	Dollar Cloaks for	Twenty	Dollars,		
20	"	do	"	15	"
15	"	do	"	10	"
10	"	do	"	6	"

Sale Commencing Jan'y 9th.

LADIES, IMPROVE THIS OPPORTUNITY.

You can have a Garment

AT YOUR OWN PRICE!

jan 8—sn

Mutual Benefit Life Ins. Co.

Change of Agency.

I have been appointed Agent of the Mutual Benefit Life Ins. Co. of Newark, N. J.

Premiums for renewal of Policies will be paid to me.

I would invite all who desire to effect Insurance on their Lives to make application to me for a Policy in this Company. I am satisfied that this Company offers advantages to those insured equal, *at least*, to any Life Insurance Company in the country.

J. B. Foster,
March 15 tf Office at the M. M. M. Ins. Co's

MUSICAL.

Mr. JOHN HOYT,
Teacher of Piano, Harmony, and Cultivation of the Voice.

Orders left at Horton & Crommett's Music Store, or at the Bangor House. Pupils in either of the above branches may be assured that they will be taught the latest and most approved method.

References—Mr. John W. Tufts, Profs. B. F. Baker, J. W. Adams, Boston, Mass.
nov3 tf

A COUGH, COLD OR SORE THROAT

REQUIRES IMMEDIATE ATTENTION AND SHOULD BE CHECKED. IF ALLOWED TO CONTINUE,

Irritation of the Lungs, a Permanent Throat Affection, or an Incurable Lung Disease

IS OFTEN THE RESULT.

Brown's Bronchial Troches

HAVING A DIRECT INFLUENCE TO THE PARTS, GIVE IMMEDIATE RELIEF.

For Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumptive and Throat Diseases,

TROCHES ARE USED WITH ALWAYS GOOD SUCCESS

SINGERS AND PUBLIC SPEAKERS

Will find *Troches* useful in clearing the voice when taken before Singing or Speaking, and relieving the throat after an unusual exertion of the vocal organs. The *Troches* are recommended and prescribed by Physicians, and have had testimonials from eminent men throughout the country. Being an article of true merit, and having *proved* their efficacy by a test of many years, each year finds them in new localities in various parts of the world, and the *Troches* are universally pronounced better than other articles.

OBTAIN only "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," and do not take any of the *Worthless Imitations* that may be offered.

Sold everywhere in the United States, and in Foreign Countries, at 35 cts. per box. nov2 6md&w

MARRIED.

At Perth Amboy, New Jersey, February 7th, by Judge Tomlinson, Wm. S. Reed, of this city, to Mrs. J. Lunt, of Brunswick, Me.

In Hampden, Feb. 10th, by Rev. Geo. B. Williams, John W. Perkins, and Miss Sylvinia Ritchie, both of Winterport.

In Eddington, February 10th, by S. W. McMahon, Esq., Edwin E. White, of Holden, and Eudora S. Orcutt, of Eddington.

In Madison, 6th inst., by Rev. Mr. Mitchell, M. Littlefield, Esq., of Skowhegan, to Miss Pauline Dinsmore, daughter of the late Maj. Thomas Dinsmore, of Madison.

For Sale.

HOUSE, BARN AND LOT, situated in Orrington, on the Stage Road, half a mile from the Post Office and Church in Brewer Village. Enquire of JOSEPH S. KENT, In Brewer Village.
feb 15—2w

WON'T USE ANY OTHER,
THE LAST AND BEST.

The Right Article Finally, everybody likes it; is purely Vegetable
RESTORES GRAY HAIR IN FOUR WEEKS, OR MONEY REFUNDED.
IT WILL DO IT EVERY TIME

Three Applications will Cure all Humors of the scalp.

—ASK FOR—

WEBSTER'S VEGETABLE HAIR INVIGORATOR,

AND DON'T TAKE ANY OTHER.

S. & J. ADAMS, Bangor,
Gen'l Wholesale Agents [illegible]
February 13—d13w

ROUND HOGS!

Received and for Sale Low,

—BY—

R. DAVIS & CO.,
feb 15—1w 74 EXCHANGE STREET.

BANGOR

Clear Pork.

BANGOR LARD,
SOUSED AND FRESH TRIPE,

—ALSO—

1,000 Lbs. EXTRA NICE TURKEYS,

For sale low at

HILL'S MARKET,
feb 15 Taylor's Block, Kenduskeag Bridge.

NOTICE.

Mattawamkeag Log Driving Co.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the above Corporation will be holden at the office of CHARLES D. BRYANT, 71 Exchange Street, Bangor, on TUESDAY, the sixth day of March next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of choosing officers for the ensuing year, and to transact any other business which may come before said meeting.

CHAS. D. BRYANT, CLERK,
Mattawamkeag Log Driving Company.
Bangor, February 15th, 1866. 1m

NOROMBEGA HALL!

FRIDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS,
FEBRUARY 16th and 17th.

TONY PASTOR'S

COMBINATION TROUPE!

(From Tony Pastor's Opera House, N. Y.)

WILL APPEAR AS ABOVE FOR

Positively two Nights Only!

—IN THEIR—

Chaste & Moral Entertainments,

Embracing almost every Speciality in the

Calendar of Amusements!

The whole under the direction of the renowned

TONY PASTOR,

Who will introduce a new selection of his

Original Songs, &c.

For Full particulars see Programme.

Admission 35 cts. Reserved seats 50 cts.
Doors open at 7, commencing at 8.

I. W. Allinson,
feb 14—3t AGENT.

For Sale!

100 BBLS. CLEAR and EX. CLEAR PORK;
25 Tierces PURE LARD;
400 Bbls. Ex and Double Ex. FLOUR;
4000 Lbs. BUTTER;
1500 Lbs. TOBACCO;

30 Boxes Japan, Oolong, & Souchong Teas

—ALSO—

CORN, MEAL, MOLASSES, SUGAR, COFFEE, SOAP, CANDLES, SALERATUS, STARCH, SPICES, RICE, BEANS, PAILS, BROOMS, &c., &c.

—CHEAP FOR CASH AT—

No. 74 Exchange Street.

R. DAVIS & CO.
Bangor, Feb. 13, 1866.—3w

VALENTINES! VALENTINES!!

A LARGE ASSORTMENT

—OF—

VALENTINES,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

—BY—

feb 13 J. W. BARTLETT.

Down! Down! Down!

GROCERIES CONTINUE TO DECLINE.

HOTEL KEEPERS, Families and all who wish to buy at the *Lowest Rates*, should call at

53 West Market Square,

Where they will be supplied at

THE VERY LOWEST PRICES!

feb 13 G. W. MANTON.

CONFECTIONERY,

Oyster & Eating Saloon!

The Subscriber has fitted up and newly furnished the SALOON

No. 2, Harlow Block,

EAST MARKET SQUARE,

Recently occupied by J. Mitchell, where he is now prepared to wait on his friends and the public to every thing in his line of business.

feb 13 JAS. N. CARVER.

Watches Repaired,

CLOCKS REPAIRED,
JEWELRY REPAIRED,
UMBRELLAS REPAIRED,
CANES REPAIRED,
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS REPAIRED,
PIPES REPAIRED,
FANS REPAIRED,
VIOLIN BOWS NEW HAIRED,

At WHITE'S,

feb 13 No. 2 Kenduskeag Bridge.

Something New

A Nice Fish Market

In the Taylor Building, Pickering Square.

ALL KINDS of *Fresh and Pickled Fish, Oysters, Clams and Lobsters*, in their season. Fish and Oysters constantly arriving. Having had ten years' experience in the Fish Business on the sea-board, and two years in Norombega Market, I think I can suit all that will favor me with their patronage.

Fish delivered in all parts of the city.

ALFRED JONES.
feb 12—3w (Times copy 3w)

NEW BOOKS.

A NOBLE LIFE, by the author of John Halifax; Wives and Daughters, by Mrs. Gaskell; The Lost Bride, by T. S. Arthur; The Tiger Hunter, by Mayne Reid; Braithwaite for January.

feb 8 Received by D. BUGBEE & CO.

FLOUR!

2000 Bbls. Double Extra, St. Louis, Extra, and Super. 10,000 BUSHELS CORN;

Pork and Lard; Cod Fish.

For Sale Low for Cash at Wholesale.

Call and examine our Stock before purchasing elsewhere.

WALTER BROWN & SON,
feb 12 114 and 118 Exchange Street.

Information Wanted.

ANY PERSON who can give information of the residence of the late Col. S. D. CARPENTER U. S. A., on the 17th day of October, 1865, is requested to communicate with the undersigned at once.

F. A. WILSON,
Atty. for the Heirs of S. D. Carpenter.
Bangor, 10th Feb'y, 1866.

Team Harnesses

—AT—

AUCTION.

R. S. Prescott, Auc'r.

ON FRIDAY NEXT, [illegible] o'clock A. M., at the [illegible] Room—

40 Stout Team Harnesses,

Manufactured for artillery service, [illegible] portion of which are entirely new [illegible] are worthy the attention of [illegible]
feb 13

Maine Central Railroad Co

Annual Meeting on Wednesday, [illegible] 28, 1866, at Water[ville].

The Stockholders [illegible] of the Maine Central [illegible] Company, will be held at the Town Hall [in Water]ville, on WEDNESDAY, [illegible] o'clock in the forenoon, [illegible] articles, viz:—

1st—To hear the reports [illegible] of said Company, and [illegible]

2d—To make choice of a Bo[ard] [illegible] the ensuing year.

EDWARD [illegible]
Waterville, January [illegible]

Penobscot Land and Mining Company.

THE Subscribers for shares [illegible] Land and Mining Company [illegible] office of I. A. Wilson, [illegible] DAY, the 20th day of February [illegible] P. M., for the purpose of organizing [illegible] by choice of officers, and [illegible] siness as may lawfully come [illegible]

Per order [illegible]

Feb. 13, 1866.

NOTICE.

Penobscot Lumbering Association.

THE ANNUAL MEETING [illegible] for the election of Trustees [illegible] Penobscot Exchange, [illegible] MONDAY, the fifth day of March [illegible] in the forenoon.

The Board of Directors will be [illegible] Treasurer's office, No. 3 [illegible] on THURSDAY preceding [illegible] o'clock in the forenoon, for the [illegible] and acting upon written [illegible] desirous of becoming members [illegible] stating the number [illegible] own in the Boom, [illegible] Boom this year, with [illegible] tracts where cut, and [illegible] statements made by [illegible] each member [illegible] tees, to one vote [illegible] Logs.

The Board of Trustees [illegible] hold their Annual Meeting [illegible] change, in the city of Bangor [illegible] of March next, at 2½ o'clock [illegible] the election of the following [illegible] President, Clerk, Treasurer [illegible] and to transact any other [illegible] erly come before said meeting.

Bangor, February [illegible]

PUBLIC EXAMINATION OF SCHOOLS.

PRIMARY SCHOOLS.

THURSDAY, Feb'y [illegible] York street, Miss Boardman [illegible] Dunbar, Union street, Miss [illegible] *Afternoon*, Miss Colby, [illegible] Third street.

INTERMEDIATE AND [illegible]

THURSDAY, February [illegible] State street: Miss Jackson, [illegible]

FRIDAY, February [illegible] Hancock street: Miss M[illegible] Costellow, Pond street, Miss [illegible] *Afternoon*, Miss W[illegible] Lumburner, Larkin street.

SATURDAY, February [illegible] Rice, Union street, Miss [illegible] Lander, Ohio street. [illegible]

GRAMMAR SCHOOLS.

TUESDAY, February [illegible] tellow, Abbot Square. [illegible] *Afternoon*, Miss Burr, [illegible] man, Pond street.

WEDNESDAY, [illegible] Prospect street.

SELECT SCHOOLS.

WEDNESDAY, February [illegible] Hersey, Abbot Square.

THURSDAY, March 1st—*Forenoon* [illegible] Mr. Peaslee, Prospect street. [illegible] Square.

HIGH SCHOOL.

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, March [illegible] *Afternoon*, Mr. Peirce, [illegible]

The Primary and Intermediate [illegible] on Saturday, Feb. 17th, and the [illegible] Saturday, March [illegible]

Per order of the S. S. Committee.
[illegible] C. P. ROBERTS [illegible]

Oak Grove Seminary.

THE SPRING TERM at Oak Grove [illegible] will open on the [illegible] of March, and [illegible] Eleven Weeks, for the [illegible] ers of both sexes.

AUGUSTINE JONES, A. M., Principal.

Please send for Circular. Address, [illegible] JONES, Vassalboro, Maine.

Vassalboro, [illegible] feb 12—[illegible]

East Maine Conference SEMINARY,

BUCKSPORT, ME.

THE SPRING TERM of ELEVEN WEEKS opens on MONDAY, February [illegible]

JAS. B. CRAWFORD, [illegible]

Bucksport, Jan. 20, 1866.—feb [illegible]

S. L. MERRILL,

DEALER IN

Fancy Goods & Toys,

POCKET CUTLERY,

Port Monnaies, Toilet Goods, &c.

No. 4 KENDUSKEAG BRIDGE.
feb 10

The Best Wringer Yet Out

Warranted, with Cog Wheels

CALL AND EXAMINE.

TAKE THEM ON TRIAL

AND if satisfied keep them—if not [illegible] to the agents.

Fogg & Bridges.
feb 10 [illegible]

TOILET GOODS! If one desires [illegible] Hair, Tooth, Nail, Silver, Hat, Cloth [illegible] Brushes, or Toilet Soap, Powder, Cologne, [illegible] mades and Perfumes of the choicest kinds [illegible] BRADBURY'S
feb 6

New Dialogue Books.

LOVELL'S SCHOOL DIALOGUES; Raymond's Patriotic Speaker; Zachos' New American Speaker: Northend's National Orator; Northend's Little [illegible] Entertaining Dialogues; Northend's Little [illegible] For sale by CHAS. HIGHT.
feb 5

FIGHTING JOE: Winning his Way, by Carleton; Robert Dalby; Little Foxes, by H. B. Stowe; Glimpses of History; Prince of Kashna; Remy; and other New Books, just received and for sale by CHAS. HIGHT.
feb 5

HAIR RESTORATIVES. The sale of Chase's, Hall's, Tebbett's and Gafray's Hair Restorer is unprecedented at BRADBURY'S

HAVANA CIGARS. A new and choice brand of Cigars at BRADBURY'S feb 6

Green Wood!

FOR SALE. Apply at 44 Exchange Street.
Jan 10 MATHEW LINCOLN.

COUGH BALSAMS—Larookah's, Schenck's, Wistar's, Hunter's, Hall's, Ayer's, Warren's, and all others for sale by B. F. BRADBURY.

NewspaperARCHIVE®

TELEGRAPHIC
TO THE
Whig & Courier.

Matters at the Capital!

An International Convention to Investigate the Cholera Proposed.

Letter from Treasurer Spinner to New York National Banks.

The Connecticut Republican Convention.

General J. K. Hawley Nominated for Governor.

Resolutions Heartily Approving President Johnson's Administration Passed.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.

The President sent to Congress a message transmitting the correspondence of the Secretary of State and the French Minister, and also other papers relative to the proposed international conference at Constantinople upon the subject of cholera. The Marquis Montholon, under date of Nov. 15th last, writes that he is instructed by M. Drouyn de l'Huys to propose a conference at Constantinople of men of science from the various countries interested, having for its object to seek out the primordial causes of cholera, to determine the principal points of its recurrence, to study its character and progress, and to propose practical means for circumscribing it and extinguishing it in its origin.

The Secretary of State in his reply, promises to give the subject his attentive consideration, and on Nov. 21st, asks the opinion and suggestions of Surgeon Gen'l Barnes.

The Surgeon General replies, suggesting that he be empowered to designate two officers of the Medical Staff of the U. S. army as members of the commission.

Under date of Dec. 20, the Sublime Porte assures Mr. Morris, our representative at Constantinople, of its co-operation, and suggests that the meeting be held in January or February, and that the execution of the measures agreed upon be left to the several governments represented; and that Lallah Effendi, Chief Physician of the Imperial Court, and Dr. Barthorlette, now Counsel of Health, be the Turkish Envoys. A cordial welcome is promised by the Court.

Under date of Dec. 23, Mr. Morris writes that no date has been fixed definitely for assembling.

The Secretary of the Navy has instructed the commandant of the marine corps to allow the ex-rebel admiral Semmes such exercises as he may wish in the yard of the marine barracks. This morning he was observed walking on the parade ground in company with Lt. Cochrane. He appeared in excellent health.

The resolutions recently passed by the Maryland legislature will be presented by a committee about Monday next.

The President has approved the act denying American registers to vessels which sailed under a foreign flag during the rebellion unless under the provisions of the act of Congress authorizing such registry.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.

The Treasurer of the United States heretofore addressed a circular to the National Banks of New York, asking whether in making up their semi-annual returns for the six months preceding January 1, 1866, they estimated the average of their deposits from the balances at the close of the day, or from the balances after exchanges, at the closing hour.

Gen. Spinner considers the resolution of the meeting of the officers of the New York city banks as fine specimens of special pleading, but as a reply it is disingenuous, evasive—and no answer to the direct question propounded.

In a letter dated yesterday, he says: "As it is not my wish to prejudice, or in any incommode or delay payments of interest on public stocks about to become due, to many banks that have made satisfactory reports, by reason of the remissness of the few that have not made such reports, it is particularly desirable that an early answer answer should be returned to the circular of from this office—No. 5 of the 10th inst.—as I shall be compelled to withhold from the several assistant treasurers the list of dividends now being prepaid until such time as it can be ascertained which banks shall and which shall not be so entitled to receive such dividends by reason of having or not having made satisfactory returns for the payment of duty thereon to this office.

HARTFORD, Ct., Feb. 14.

The Union State Convention, which met in this city to day, was one of the largest, ablest and harmonious that has assembled in the State for many years. The delegates numbered over 400, comprising a large number of the leading men of the State.

Col. D. R. Wright, of New Haven, was President of the Convention.

The first ballot for Governor resulted as follows:

Gen'l J. H. Hawley of Hartford,	267
Roger Averill of Danbury,	88
E. C. Scranton of New Haven,	20
Benj. Douglas of Middletown,	10
J. S. Rice of Farmington,	10
Scattering,	10

Gen'l Hawley was then nominated by acclamation.

O. F. Winchester of New Haven, was nominated for Lieut. Governor.

L. B. Pease of Somers, for Secretary of State.

H. G. Taintor of Hampton, for Treasurer.

Robbins Battell of Norwalk, for Comptroller.

Gen'l Hawley appeared in the Convention and accepted the nomination, making a short but stirring speech.

Patriotic resolutions were passed—among them one expressing confidence in Andrew Johnson and pledging him their hearty support in his labors for a just, complete and permanent restoration of the Union; and another expressing confidence in the wisdom and patriotism of the Union majority in Congress.

A resolution was passed heartily approving of the late order of Major Gen'l Terry, which was approved by the President, for the protection of the Freedmen of Virginia, against the tyrannical Legislature of that State.

Among the closing proceedings of the Convention, were three rousing cheers for that noble patriot, our President, Andrew Johnson.

NEW YORK, Feb. 14.

The United States bark J. C. Kuhn from Pensacola, has arrived. She has been attached to the Gulf Squadron since 1861.

NEW YORK, Feb. 14.

The Herald's special Toronto despatch says:

Lord Monck had a flattering reception at Montreal.

A Cabinet Council had been called at Ottawa to-morrow.

ALBANY, Feb. 14.

Geo. T. Hanford, U. S. Assessor for the 18th District, was arrested at Schenectady on Tuesday evening, and brought before the U. S. Commissioner in this city to-day, on the charge of defrauding the Government. The complainant is Cornelius B. Swart of Schenectady, a book bindor. He swears that in the summer of 1863. He swears that in the summer of 1863 he sold blank books and other articles to the accused, to the value of $3265. He presented his bill, and the accused he would send it to Washington for audit. On Feb. 23d, 1864, Swart says he called on the accused and told him that the Commissioner of internal revenue had only allowed him $9,75 which sum was paid him. Swart expressed regret at the reduction made when, as he swears, the accused told him to make out another bill for $20 worth of stationery or blank books. Swart at first objected, but finally made out the bill as requested. Some time after, Swart ascertained that the bill had been paid, although, as he swears, accused had frequently told him it had been.

Swart subsequently communicated with the commissioner of internal revenue, which led to the arrest.

At the conclusion of Swart's examination, the accused gave bail in $3000 for further hearing.

NEW YORK, Feb. 14.

The rumor that Alderman Norton was shot last night in a house in Houston Street, is untrue.

A conductor of a horse car in this city, while drunk this morning, stabbed three of his passengers.

The Post says—

A despatch was received from Washington to-day revoking the exequatur of E. Rogers as consul to Chili.

The trial of Senna McKenna, on charge of sending torpedoes to Chili, commenced today.

RICHMOND, Va., Feb. 14.

An affray took place at the Spottswood Hotel this afternoon between Dr. Stuart, the general correspondent of the N. Y. Herald and Col. Garnette, late of the Southern army. No weapons were used. The parties were somewhat excited.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 14.

The Mount Hope Asylum conspiracy case was brought to a termination to-day. The court sustained the point made by the defence against the admission of evidence prior to 1865, upon which the prosecution abandoned the case.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 14.

The thermometer has ranged about 60 all winter, and to-day noon it reached 73.

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 14.

The Orleans County Surrogate's office was entered by burglars last night and robbed of $1800.

NEW YORK, Feb. 14.

Gen. Coolburg, of Mexican army notoriety, has arrived from St. Louis in custody.—He will be examined to-morrow on charges of swindling in this city.

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 14.

Resolutions were introduced in the Senate to-day in favor of a Congressional enactment giving soldiers the right to vote without distinction of race or color, and approving the proposed amendment to the Constitution that the blacks be not included in the basis of representation where the franchise is refused them.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Feb. 14.

The jury having returned a verdict of guilty against Clark & Tristram, recently arrested and tried for the robbery of Adams Express Company, on the night of the 6th of January, they were to-day sentenced by Judge Butler to hard labor in the Connecticut State Prison.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 14.

Cotton steady—sales 3,000 bales at 45 for middling. Exports 2,100 bales.
Sugar—fair 15c.
Tobacco active—leaf 14 to 30.
Sterling exchange 149.
Gold 138½.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 14.

Flour dull.
Wheat dull.
Hogs nominal. Receipts 600 head.
Provisions easier.
Mess Pork at 28,50.
Lard nominal.
Gold 138½.

NEW YORK, Feb. 14.

Second Board. Stocks steady—American Gold 1,38.
U. S. 5-20's, 1862, 103.
U. S. 1 year certificates, 98.
Treasury 7 3-10, 2d series, 99.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, Feb. 14.

Cotton unchanged—sales 1400 bales—Middling 45.
Flour—sales 6200 bbls State 6,95@8,25, round hoop Ohio 8,50@10,75, Western, 6,80@8,45. Southern quiet—sales 200 barrels at 8,75@15,00. Canada—sales 200 barrels at 8,00@11,50.
Wheat 1@2 lower—sales 7,500 bushels—amber Milwaukee, choice, new, 1,73; amber State, new, 2,40.
Corn heavy—sales 46,000 bush—mixed western 77@81.
Oats more active—Canada 55@56.
Beef quiet.
Pork is lower—sales 3500 bbls. new mess at 28,50@28,62.
Lard firm—sales 700 bbls. at 15¼@18¼ per pound.
Sugars firmer—Muscovado 11@12.
Molasses quiet—sales 150 bbls. New Orleans at 101@808.
Petroleum dull.
Naval stores heavy.
Freights to Liverpool firm.

CHICAGO, Feb. 14.

Flour dull and declined 10 a 15c.
Wheat lower—sales a 1,18 for No. 1.
Corn dull at 31½@32.
Oats quiet at 22½.
Provisions dull.
Mess pork dull at 26,00.
Lard dull at 15½.
Hogs dull—sales at 9,00@9,50 for fair to choice.
Dressed hogs—sales at 10,50 a 10,75.
Receipts—5000 bbls. flour; 17,500 bushels of wheat, 15,500 bushels corn, 10,500 bushels oats; 8500 hogs; 000 dressed hogs.
Shipments—2500 bbls. flour; 1,900 bush. wheat; 11000 bushels corn; 2,000 bushels of oats.

Thirty-Ninth Congress.

FIRST SESSION.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.

Senate.

Several petitions were presented.
The constitutional amendment was taken up.
Mr. Henderson resumed his speech.
Mr. Clark replied to Mr. Henderson, and advocated the enfranchisement of the blacks. He would not for the present vote for the admission of any State, except perhaps Tennessee, to a participation in the affairs of government.
A bill was introduced, making an appropriation for the survey of the upper Mississippi, between the Falls of St. Anthony and Rock Island on the Minnesota river, with a view to secure the passage upon the former of boats drawing four feet of water and reliable slack water navigation upon the Minnesota. Referred.
Adjourned.

House.

The House passed a bill authorizing the Secretary of War and Secretary of the Navy to place gratuitously at the disposal of the New York commissioners of quarantine such vessels or hulks as are not required for use of the government, in anticipation of the cholera.
A joint resolution was passed, appointing a commission to select a site in New York city for a post-office and court purposes.
The Michigan contested election case was taken up.
The House decided that Mr. Trowbridge retain his seat.
A bill was introduced to establish a national bureau of education. Ordered to be printed.
A resolution was adopted, instructing the committee on banking to consider the expediency of amending the banking act so that interest-bearing legal tender notes shall not be included as a part of the lawful money required to be held by national banks for the redemption of their liabilities.
A resolution was adopted that the committee on ways and means inquire into the expediency of graduating the tax on cigars and other manufactured tobacco, or to make the tax ad valorem, thus equalizing the tax on that article.
The bill increasing the clerical force in the postoffice department was passed.
The postoffice committee reported a bill authorizing the sale of postage stamps on credit.
The Speaker announced the select committee on the proposed Bureau of Education, viz:
Garfield, Patterson, Boutwell, Randall, Donnelly, Moulton, Goodyear.
Leave to offer a resolution that the tax on distilled spirits ought not to be reduced, was objected to.
The House considered the bankrupt bill, but took no action.
Adjourned.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS.

Reported for the Whig.

Supreme Judicial Court—Criminal Term.

Hon. JONAS CUTTING, J. Presiding.
CHAS. P. STETSON, Esq., County Attorney.

Wednesday, Feb. 14, 1866.

State vs. Cornelius Sullivan. Larceny of $2,000 in Government bonds and greenbacks from the house of Thomas F. Higgins, on the night of Dec. 14, 1864,—the night of the burning of the stable of Abram Woodard. Submitted without argument. Verdict guilty.
Stetson, Co. Att'y. McCrillis.

State vs. Cornelius Sullivan. Larceny of Col. Farnham's trunk, Jan. 15, 1866. Verdict guilty.
Stetson, Co. Att'y. McCrillis.

State vs. David Dresser. Larceny of horse, wagon and harness at Stetson, in September last. Defendant filed a plea in abatement for misnomer, alleging his name to be David D. Dresser—upon which plea issue was joined. Verdict for the State.
Stetson, Co. Att'y. McCrillis.

State vs. John W. Taylor, Ap'lt. On complaint of Annie T. Buswell for assault and battery. Nol. pros.
Stetson, Co. Att'y. J. Crosby.

Several articles addressed to the editor personally, have been omitted in consequence of his absence during the past few weeks. Some of them are now out of date.

FIRE. At about half past eleven, last night, the dwelling house of Mr. David W. Gould, on Fern Street, was destroyed by fire. Loss $1400. Insured $900.

LEVEE. The young ladies of the Universalist Society will hold a levee at Norombega Hall this evening where an excellent entertainment will be offered, consisting of Music, Tableaux, Dancing, &c. Also a great variety of refreshments.

A service of silver is to be awarded to the resident clergyman of Bangor who shall receive the most votes therefor. It may be seen at Mr. Williams' Jewelry Store.

—Rev. Dr. Tefft delivers his lecture on "Maine, and how to make the most of our own State," this (Thursday) evening, in the First Congregational Church in Brewer.

This is one of the Doctor's best lectures, and as the Church is but about five minutes walk from the Bangor House, his many friends have a good opportunity to hear him and help in a good cause. The receipts of the evening are given to help in the purchase of an organ for the Church. Tickets for sale at the door.

—Dr. Eugene F. Sanger, of this city, has received the appointment of examining Surgeon to the Pension Bureau. We agree with the Times in saying that this is an appointment eminently fit to be made. Dr. Sanger attained to a deservedly high reputation in the army—his opinion on all difficult surgical operations being constantly in requisition and considered as final by the best surgical talent in the army. The duties this appointment confers will probably not interfere with the Doctor's regular practice.

—The programme of the Masonic Levee, to be held at Augusta this and to-morrow evenings, is attractive (says the Farmer.) On Thursday evening there will be a Poem, by David Barker, Esq., of Exeter, Me., and on Friday evening an Address, by Hon. Lewis Barker. A barrel of the best flour will be presented to the widow of this city receiving the highest number of votes, to be drawn to her house on a sled by the two gentlemen receiving the highest number of votes.

SAD ACCIDENT. Richard J. Cram of Bradley, son of Mr. Thos. A. Cram, about 20 years of age, while at work in a mill, at Bradley yesterday afternoon, had his right hand sawed nearly off at the wrist and so badly mangled by a circular saw, that the arm had to be amputated. The Doctors Fisher (father and son) of Orono performed the operation in a scientific and skillful manner, giving very great satisfaction to the patient and his friends. The young man is comfortable and doing well, quite a number of accidents have happened at Orono and vicinity, during the past year, most, if not all of which have been attended by Dr. Fisher and Son, who have, by their prompt attention and marked success, added largely to a reputation already high, as skillful Surgeons.

Bradley, Feb. 14, 1866.

—The Brunswick Telegraph tells of an old white headed eagle that has been a regular winter resident on the banks of the Androscoggin a few miles above that town for thirty years.

—In the town of Yarmouth, at the present time, there are no less than twelve vessels on the stocks varying from 180 to 1200 tons burthen, and the construction bills are all paid daily. There are nine vessels building at Kennebunkport.

—The Nantucket Inquirer chronicles the death in that town, on the 3d inst., of Mrs. Lucy Cooper, a colored woman, aged about 110 years. She was brought from Africa, a slave, to South Carolina, where she toiled as a field hand until 1811, when she was brought to Newport, R. I., whence she fled to Nantucket on account of the cruelty of her mistress.

THE OLDEST OFFICE HOLDER IN THE UNITED STATES DEAD. Mr. Jacob Stickney of this city died on Saturday, ninety-two years old, we believe. He had been elected or appointed to some office in Newburyport for sixty-seven consecutive years—ever since 1799; and he had always accepted and taken the oath of office till this year, when he was too feeble to attend to it. We do not think there is a man left behind him who has held office so long.—[Newburyport Herald.

REMARKABLE FEAT. John Seaver, of Portsmouth, accomplished the feat of walking one hundred miles in one hundred hours without sleep, completing the task on Saturday evening, at half past eight o'clock. Seaver, is now, as he expresses it, "almost as new." This is said to be the first time this feat was ever successfully undertaken.

—A Guilford man lent a valuable horse and buggy to a "fair and frail" individual, last October, and she ran off to Canada with it, with a male companion. The owner recently found his horse at work on a horse railroad in Boston, and he has caused the woman to be lodged in jail, having found her at Bennington.

—The excavations now making at Pompeii have brought to light several vestiges of the ancient Christians. In the palace of the Edile Pansa, in the Via Fortuna, an unfinished sculptured cross has been found on one of the walls, as well as abusive inscriptions and caricatures ridiculing a crucified God.

—There now resides in Kansas City, Missouri, perhaps the oldest man now alive in America. His name is Jose Penno, a native of Lower Canada. He was a man at the time Canada was invaded by Gen. Montgomery, in 1775, but does not remember his age at that date; says he recollects that he was in the woods, splitting rails, when the news came of the advance of Montgomery upon Quebec.

—A letter was mailed in one of our post-offices the other day, that had no postage stamp on it, but in place of the stamp had the following written on one corner of the envelope: "Mr. Postmaster—Don't charge no postage on this, the stamp would'nt stick, so I tore the thing up."

—The Montgomery (Ala.) Ledger expresses the opinion that so far from the cotton crop being likely to prove a failure this year, the only danger is that there will be an over crop.

—Diamonds have been found in Idaho; but the discoverer was lost on a steamer with the secret of their location. He had previously sold one in New York for one thousand dollars.

—He is wise who can accommodate himself to all the contingencies of life; but the fool contends, and is struggling like a swimmer against the stream.

New Publication.

"EYE WITNESS, or *Life Scenes in the Old North State.*" By A. O. W. Published by B. B. Russell, Boston.

We received a copy of this deeply interesting work two or three weeks ago, but the absence of the editor has prevented a notice heretofore. It is the production of a northern lady of talent and education, who went from our own State before the rebellion, and became domesticated as a teacher in North Carolina. She was there during the greater part of the rebellion, and being truly an "Eye Witness of Life Scenes in the Old North State," she describes in a most interesting and often thrilling manner the trials of the faithful Unionists during the war,—hardly less indeed in intensity, than the privations and sufferings which many of them are now enduring in consequence of the war, and which ought to be relieved by our loyal people.

The work is familiarly written in narrative form, and although without any pretentious effort for literary greatness or fame, shows intrinsic evidence of genius, and proves that the writer had powers of a very high order. The incidents related are true. The characters are drawn from life. The writer was conversant with nearly all, while others were related by the actors themselves.

The question has often been asked, both in public and private, what are the feelings of the Southern women in regard to this war, striking at their homes and domestic relations, uprooting at once their long-cherished and inherent distinction, of mistress and slave. To this part of the community, these pages are chiefly confined. You are taken to their firesides and homes, during one of the greatest struggles ever witnessed by mankind. In this respect, it will be found this work differs almost entirely from all others written on Southern life.

It is a book which all who wish to have a clear knowledge of what those at the South who were Union at heart suffered during the weary years of the rebellion should read.

AUGUSTA, Feb. 13.

The following resolves were introduced into the House to-day by Gen. Shapley of Portland in relation to equality of civil and political rights—

Resolved, That the grand result of a truly republican government can never be fully attained until equality of civil and political rights be permanently secured, irrespective of difference of race or color.

Resolved, That so long as the elective franchise shall be denied or abridged in any State on account of race or color, none therein of such race or color should be included in the basis of representation of such State in the Congress of the United States, and that we approve of the efforts of the Senators and Representatives from this State in the Congress of the United States to secure such an amendment to the Constitution as would effect this result, believing that the tendency, and hoping that the ultimate result of the amendment, if adopted, will be to secure equality of political as well as of civil rights for all.

The Committee on Federal Relations, to which was referred a resolve in relation to the crime of treason and the punishment of traitors, have reported that in their opinion no expression of the views of this Legislature is required to hasten the action of the Executive authorities of the United States upon the subject of the resolve, and that it ought not to pass. Report accepted.

The Dam at Treat's Falls.

AUGUSTA, Me., Feb. 14.

To the Editor of The Whig & Courier.

The publication of J. W. Veazie's remonstrance against a dam at Treat's Falls, renders it proper to say that there was produced before the Committee on Interior Waters the report of a survey made in 1836 by Col. Baldwin, by which it appears that the difference in level between the foot of Ayer's Falls in Orono and mean high water at Treat's Falls is a fraction more than forty six feet. Of course a dam at Treat's, fifteen feet high, cannot affect Orono. But to put an end to all doubt on that point, there is engrafted upon the bill before the Legislature a promise that no dam shall be built which shall obstruct, or impair, any mill or factory privileges in Orono. The following paper has been presented in aid of the bill now before that body:

A bill is pending before the Legislature to authorize the erection of a dam, not exceeding fifteen feet in height, at or near Treat's Falls of the Penobscot river in Bangor.—This bill was reported upon the memorial of a committee of the stockholders of the Penobscot Mill Dam Company, consisting of Walter Brown, George W. Pickering, T. W. Baldwin, J. S. Wheelwright, Wm. P. Wingate, L. W. Morse, Henry A. Wood, Wm. B. Hayford, Isaac M. Bragg, Thos. A. Taylor, and others.

The bill has the two fold design, of creating a great water power and of improving the navigation of the river.

The second object, of improving the navigation of the river, having been denounced as a "pretence" by J. W. Veazie, it is considered proper to print below a letter from F. H. Coombs, Civil Engineer, and a memorial addressed to the Penobscot Mill Dam Company in October, 1865, by Major Strickland and others. Similar memorials have been signed by the lumbermen of Orono and Oldtown.

Letter from F. H. Coombs.

Bangor, January 30th, 1866.

Charles P. Stetson, Esq., Bangor, Me.:

Sir.—You asked me to give my opinion, in writing, of the necessary height to which a dam must be raised at Treat's Falls, to render the navigation of the river safe and convenient between the Corporation or the Veazie Mills and this city.

While I was taking the surveys for the Mill Dam Corporation and Messrs. Dunning and others, I saw several rafts quite badly damaged by being torn apart on the rips and rocks in the immediate vicinity of and below the Veazie Mills, one of these cases was that of a raft literally torn in two on the first rips, which may be five hundred or six hundred feet below the mills; now I think that to render the passage of these rips safe at all seasons of the year for rafts, it would be necessary to raise the water at Treat's Falls at least twelve feet above the height of an ordinary tide, and if the passage of even very light draught steamboats was contemplated, I think safe navigation could not be secured for them without raising the water at least fifteen feet at Treat's Falls. Very respectfully,

FRED. H. COOMBS, C. E.

Memorial to the Penobscot Mill Dam Co.

The undersigned, manufacturers and dealers in lumber, engaged in running rafts, or otherwise interested in the lumber trade on the Penobscot river, call your attention to the very bad condition of the river below the dam in Veazie, and especially between that dam and Eddington Bend.

Your charter was granted "for the purpose of flowing the water a sufficient height for the safe and convenient passage of rafts and boats from the foot of Ayer's Falls in Orono to Bangor," and your powers and duties for that purpose, covering the flowing out of both Treat's Falls and McMahon's Falls.

We are aware of the embarrassments that have thus far prevented the execution of the beneficent purposes for which your company was created, but the time has come when the community imperatively demand that you should proceed to carry them out.

The annual destruction of lumber immediately below the dam in Veazie is enormous and the pecuniary loss increases precisely as lumber becomes more valuable. The navigation of that part of the river, "for the safe and convenient passage of rafts," requires not only that the rapids below the dam in Veazie should be completely flowed out, but that the flowage should be extended so far upon the dam, as to make the sluicing of rafts over it easy and free from risk.

We feel that we have the right to urge these views upon you, from the notoriety and oppressive magnitude of the losses we suffer over season, under the present condition of things.

Geo W Ladd,	Isaac M Bragg,
James S. Rowe,	Blunt & Hinman,
S P Strickland,	James Walker,
G W Pickering,	Palmer & Johnson,
Gilbert Soule,	S Thurston & Co,
Geo S Chalmers,	C S Bragg,
A W Daggett,	Wm T Pearson,
J T & C C Strickland	S J Murphy,
John Tricker,	Babb & Strickland,
John L Cutler,	Paul Dudley, 2d,
H Strickland,	Ayer & Dillingham.

Bangor, October, 1865.

Reported for the Whig.

Legislature of Maine.

AUGUSTA, Feb. 14.

SENATE.

On motion of Mr Weld, the report (from the House) against the petition of certain persons asking to be set off from Thomaston and annexed to Rockland, was laid upon the table. [Subsequently this report was called up and accepted on motion of Mr Weld.]

Mr Reed reported a resolve in relation to the Eastern Normal School.

Mr Weld reported reference to the next Legislature of petition for annexing town of Auburn to city Lewiston.

Passed to be Engrossed—An act relative to selling estate real or personal, by administrator or executor; an act to protect menhaden and other fish in the waters of the State of Maine; to incorporate the Castine Marine Railway Company; an act in relation to evidence; resolve in favor of the town of Somerset; resolves in favor of the Antietam National Cemetery Association; an act in relation to the jurisdiction of trial justices; an act to incorporate the Bangor and Oldtown Association.

Mr Perkins offered the following:

Ordered, That the Investigating Committee be directed to report on or before Saturday the 17th inst.

HOUSE.

The bill to prevent the taking of fish from Pushaw Lake by nets came back from the Senate amended and passed. The House receded and concurred in the adoption of the amendment and the passage of the bill.

Mr Payson of Wenbrook (Democrat) offered resolves relating to the restoration of the lately insurgent States, which he asked to have laid upon the table and printed.

Mr Jones inquired if the reception of the resolves was in order after the vote passed by a concurrent vote of the two Houses.

Mr Shepley said that the minority in this House is very small, and for one he was in favor of any action that would give to that minority an opportunity to express its views. The resolutions offered by the gentleman from Westbrook may be offered as a modification or substitute for the resolves reported by the Committee on Federal Relations, so that the proposition of the mover will consume no time. He was opposed to checking debate on this subject; he was ready to meet the arguments of the minority, and hoped no obstacle in the way of the full preservation of their views would be raised. He moved therefore that the rules be suspended that the motion of the gentleman may be entertained.

The rule was suspended, the resolves received and laid on the table and ordered to be printed.

The resolves declare that it should be the first desire and prayer of every citizen, and the chief aim of every statesman, that lately insurgent States should be speedily restored to their former orbits; that all factious opposition merits and receives our stern reprobation; that President Johnson is entitled to our warmest thanks for his earnest efforts in that regard; that all petitions and applications from abroad for the punishment of offenses committed against the Government, belong rather to barbarous than to a civilized people; that the Government being clothed with power for such punishment, and is itself the best and only judge of the same, all such petitions and applications are uncalled for, unreasonable and prejudicial to the true interests of the country.

Mr Granger, from the Committee on the Judiciary, reported leave to withdraw on petition of the Trustees of Gorham Seminary for aid that they may gratuitously educate the children of disabled and deceased soldiers.

Mr. Shepley moved that this report be recommitted, with instructions to report the resolve, and spoke in favor of the motion.—The objection to the resolve which had caused the committee to make this report, he understood to be that this institution is local in character, and under the care of a single denomination. He thought the State should adopt some general policy to protect the children of our soldiers. This is a proposition to erect a marble monument to the memory of those who have fallen. This is a far more necessary and enduring monument, and one which will do as much credit to the State. While heartily in favor of the monument of marble, he was as heartily in favor of the educational monument. He therefore respectfully made the motion to recommit with instructions.

Mr. Stevens, of Augusta, took the same view in remarks made by him.

The motion to recommit with instructions was agreed to.

Passed to be engrossed—an act relating to the discipline of the State Prison; resolve in aid of building mills in the east half of township No. 2, range 5, in the county of Aroostook; resolve in favor of William W. Quimby, of Bucksport; resolve in regard to the cattle disease; an act to amend the act to incorporate the Merchants Mutual Marine Insurance Company; an act to amend chapter 256 of the Public Laws of 1864; an act to set off the homestead farm of David Spratt from the town of Etna, and annex the same to the town of Carmel; an act additional to an act to incorporate the Penobscot Mutual Insurance Company; an act to incorporate the Brownville Mill and Water Power Company.

Bill to supply the inhabitants of the city of Bangor with pure water, was read the third time.

Mr. Comins, of Eddington, moved an amendment, preventing the company from using the waters of certain ponds besides Pushaw Lake. The amendment was adopted, and the bill passed to be engrossed.

Resolve for the purpose of carrying into effect chapter 325, 332, 339, 341, 350, and 370 of the resolves of 1864, in favor of the academies of Limerick, Berwick, St. Albans, Houlton and Presque Isle, was read a second time, and laid on the table on motion of Mr. Williams.

A very large number of bills and resolves were finally acted on. Among the resolves was that making an appropriation in aid of the Milford and Princeton Turnpike, which was finally passed by a vote (yea and nay) of 74 to 48. A motion to reconsider was defeated.

Adjourned.

I WILL SELL

The Stock of Goods in Store

44 West Market Square,

AT PRICES LOWER

Than the same goods can be bought for elsewhere. I have a fine assortment of

TOBACCO & CIGARS,

AND A GOOD STOCK OF

GENERAL GROCERIES,

which I wish to close out in

THE NEXT THIRTY DAYS.

E. B. PATTEN,

dec 28 44 West Market Square.

Notice of Co-Partnership.

THE Subscribers have formed a Co-partnership under the style of J. C. HOLMES & CO., for the transaction of the

Ship Chandlery Business,

AT THE OLD STAND

No. 12 Exchange Street.

All demands due the late Firm will be settled by J. C. Holmes.

J. C. HOLMES, | T. K. JOHNSTON, | GEORGE BOWEN

We are prepared to furnish Vessels with STORES and CHANDLERY at lowest market prices. Ship Masters and Owners will be supplied with all Goods in our line at lowest rates.

feb 1—tf (Times copy)

Superior Inducements

ARE OFFERED

FOR THE

NEXT THIRTY DAYS,

TO BUY

DRY GOODS,

(PREVIOUS TO TAKING STOCK).

At SAM'L B. STONE, Jr., & CO'S.

feb 1

STANIFORD'S

"NONPAREIL"

CLOTHES SPRINKLER!

POSITIVELY THE ONLY CLOTHES SPRINKLER WITHOUT A RIVAL. By the use of this article, clothes can be immediately ironed, without the usual delay by any other mode of sprinkling. It is particularly useful when ironing woolen goods, the sprinkler being fine like rain.

It is always in order, and needs but a trial to be appreciated. No lady will do without one of these useful articles.

Manufactured and for sale by

W. E. Staniford & Co.,

BUCKSPORT, MAINE.

Orders promptly attended to. jan 30

House for Sale.

The Subscriber offers for sale his House on Spring St., and two adjoining Lots, at a great Bargain. House is in good repair and convenient. Has hard and soft water.

feb 6—2w W. B. HEATH.

FOR SALE.

HOUSE AND LOT No. 1 OHIO STREET the Starrett Homestead. Also, 700 acres of land in Dedham, near Reed's Pond—good wood land with some Hemlock thereon.

JOHN T. STRICKLAND, Administrator.

feb 5—tf.

Houses for Sale.

The owner of TWO HOUSES on the hill near the Court House in this city, between Hammond and Court streets, being resident of another city, now offers them for sale. For particulars apply to JOHN E. GODFREY.

nov 28—d1w &6w3taw

International Hotel,

PORTLAND,

OPPOSITE CITY BUILDING.

THIS EXCELLENTLY LOCATED HOTEL HAS BEEN

Thoroughly Refitted and Furnished,

in the most elegant style, and

IS NOW OPENED TO THE PUBLIC

—BY—

S. B. BREWSTER,

FORMERLY OF THE SKOWHEGAN HOUSE.

Mr. B. would be happy to meet his old friends, and the public generally.

feb 10—3m

Lease and Fixtures for Sale

—OF THE—

AUGUSTA HOUSE.

The undersigned being compelled (on account of ill health) to relinquish Hotel business, offers for sale the lease and a portion of the furniture of said House.

This Hotel ranks among the first in the country, and commands a large proportion of the travel. It has one hundred twenty-five rooms, perfectly ventilated and substantially furnished. Attached to the house are Bathing Rooms, Shaving and Billiard Saloons, &c.

In connection with the house is a large and convenient Stable and a fine livery stock.

To any one desirous of entering the hotel business, will find this a rare opportunity with comparatively a small capital.

Harrison Baker,

PROPRIETOR.

February 2, 1866—6w

Hotel Notice.

The undersigned having this day leased, for a long term, the "Dwight House" in Bangor, takes this occasion to notify the public that the same will be

CLOSED,

for the purpose of a thorough Repairing, Refitting and Renovating of the premises,

until the 22d instant,

on which day it will be RE-OPENED by the subscriber under the name of the

"NICHOLS' HOUSE,"

where his customers will find, in all respects, a first class Hotel. Having had a large experience in the business, formerly at the Parker House in East Corinth, and afterwards at the Shaw House in Newport, he solicits the old and encouragement of all old friends and patrons.

Every effort will be made to render this House, to all who may visit it, a most comfortable Home.

Lemuel Nichols.

Bangor, Feb. 1, 1866 (Times)

Farm for Sale.

A GOOD FARM of about 117 acres in Winterport Village, 2½ miles from the Bridge, and on the main road to Bangor. About 75 acres covered with a good growth of hard and soft wood, and estimated to average thirty cords to the acre;—balance of land divided into tillage, pasturage and mowage, and cut last year about 20 tons hay, and can be made to cut fifty tons at little expense; has a young orchard, some trees in bearing, and is well stocked with varieties of fruit and shrubbery.—Buildings in good order. Free privilege to ship wood on a good wharf 2½ miles from the wood land. The above will be sold at a bargain, or exchanged for good wood reserved property. For further particulars enquire of the present occupant. P. W. REED.

feb 9—6w*

Timber Lands for Sale.

FOR SALE, about 12,000 acres of Timber Lands, in *Westfield, Brookstook County.* These lands are covered with a growth of valuable timber, and are among the best forming lands in the County. Terms favorable to purchasers, both as to price and time of payment.

Apply to PETER TURNER, Rockland; CHARLES D'BRYANT, Bangor; JAMES C. MADIGAN, Agent of said lands, Houlton; or of J. N. HAWORTH, Westfield. nov 10—d&w tf.

FOR SALE.

A GOOD SCHOONER 155 tons register O. M., rates 2, well found in every respect—ready for any voyage.

One schooner 150 tons, rates 2½—large carrier, 8 years old, 2 suits of sails and otherwise well found.

For particulars apply to P. McCONVILLE.

feb 3—tf

Change in Livery Stock!

Having disposed of my interest in the LIVERY STOCK in the Main Street Stable, formerly occupied by Caleb Billings, I would say that I have a

CHOICE LIVERY STOCK

At my old stand on the Hampden road just below the Bangor House, where I should be happy to wait upon old and new customers.

All orders left at the Bangor House for Coaches, Hacks or Livery, will be promptly attended to.

O. M. SHAW.

feb 5 (Times)

LIVERY STABLE!

THE UNDERSIGNED, formerly proprietor of the PARKER HOUSE, at East Corinth, and the SHAW HOUSE, at Newport, has disposed of his interest in those Houses and that of his Line of Stages to Moosehead Lake, and having leased the Stables formerly occupied by Caleb Billings, on Main St., in Bangor, will devote himself entirely to the business of keeping a

First Class Livery Stable,

in all its branches.

HACKS AND COACHES

With well trained horses and careful drivers, furnished at all hours for the cars, steamboats, funerals, &c.

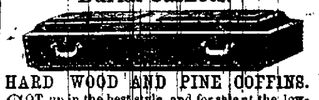
HENRY JORDAN, Coachman under Messrs. Billings & Shaw and McLaughlin, will remain with the Subscriber.

Horses will be taken to board by the week, and the convenience and accommodations offered for boarders is not equalled in the city.

The subscriber will rely on first class stock and constant attention to his business to secure a liberal patronage. LEMUEL NICHOLS.

jan 23 (Times copy)

Patent Wooden and Metalic Burial Caskets.



HARD WOOD AND PINE COFFINS. GOT up in the best style, and for sale at the lowest Prices. Also PLATES, ROBES, &c.

E. H. TEBBETTS,

No's 18 and 20 East Market Square.

Residence—No. 124 Centre Street. s12

New Drug Store.

CURTIS & WATERHOUSE,

HAVE rented Store No. 3 Pickering Square, opposite WOOD, BISHOP & CO., where they are prepared to sell all goods usually kept in a first class Drug Store, and hope by close attention to business and to the wants of customers, to merit a share of public patronage.

Please give us a call.

A. G. CURTIS, O. A. WATERHOUSE.

jan 17

Co-Partnership Notice.

THE undersigned have this day formed a Co-Partnership under the name and style of

GREGORY & DARLING,

To continue the

BOOT, SHOE, & LEATHER BUSINESS,

And the Manufacture of

LUMBERMEN'S BOOTS AND MOCCASINS,

Corner State and Exchange Streets.

JOHN N. GREGORY. WM. H. DARLING.

January 1, 1866. 4

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

Whig & Courier

National Thanksgiving Bells.

BY WILLIAM ROSS WALLACE.

["Early in the morning," says an elegant writer, while discoursing on National Thanksgiving, "the church bells of Eastport, in Maine, will begin to ring—slowly and measuredly. Then the neighboring country will join in. Then the towns farther West will take it up—one after another—bell after bell. Then they will begin 'along-shore;' then up over the tops of the White Mountains—up the valley of the Mohawk; and so on along the Lakes and down the Mississippi, until at last a solemn chime from a thousand steeples call a whole nation to come up and thank God for the blessings of the past year—a grand chant of sacred music such as Beethoven and Handel never dreamed of."]

The Bells! the Bells! the Nation's Bells!
Oh, joyously their anthem swells;
At Plymouth's Rock they startle first;
And now on Alleghany burst;
And now they wake Ohio's calm;
And now they stir the Southern palm;
Hurrah!
Not o'er one State alone the music swells—
Hark! the whole Union shakes beneath the Bells!

The Bells! the Bells! the grand old Bells!
Majestical their anthem swells;
It mingles with Niagara's roar;
And breaks on California's shore,
And thanks the God who guards our clime,
And plenty gave, in every chime,
Hurrah!
Not from one State alone Thanksgiving swells—
Hark! the whole Nation speaks within the Bells!

The Bells! The Bells! the joyous Bells!
Undauntedly their music swells;
It speaks of happy years and homes,
Of harvest Wealth, of peaceful domes,
And starry banners still unfurled,
That could defy a banded world.
Hurrah!
Not from one State alone the music swells—
Hark! the whole Union rings the mighty Bells!
The grand old Bells!
The joyous Bells!
The Nation's Bells!
Hark! the whole Union rings the mighty Bells!

THE ALCHEMY OF LIFE.

'It is very sad! I pity her from all my heart.'

The speaker sat, or inclined, in a large cushioned chair, in a luxurious chamber. All her surroundings indicated wealth. But something about her mouth and in her eyes gave token of discontent. In the sentence just uttered she spoke with real sympathy.

'It is very sad,' she repeated. 'Have they lost everything?'

'So it is said. I heard this morning that their charming place was to be sold. Poor Mrs Armat! How much pride she took in her beautiful grounds, garden, and greenhouse,' answered the neighbor. It is really distressing to think what she will suffer in giving them all up.'

'Ah me!' sighed the lady in the cushioned chair, her lips falling into a sad expression. 'Such reverses are terrible. I could not endure them. Poor Mrs. Armat, I shall not be able to get her out of my mind.'

This lady, a Mrs. Eldridge by name, was kind-hearted and sympathetic, yet weak and self-indulgent. Her impulses were good, but she has no strength of character, no fixed principles for the government of her life. From the wealth she possessed—from the luxury by which she was surrounded—she had no mental chemistry by which to extract happiness, but simply dwelt among her external good things without really enjoying them. And yet to lose these things she felt would be a great calamity; and, so looking at Mrs. Armat's case from her point of view she was deeply pained for her friend.

'It would kill me,' she said, as thought came back upon herself.

Sitting in a room quite as luxurious as that occupied by Mrs. Eldridge, was the lady of whom these two friends were speaking. Her face was serious, but not unhappy. She had a visitor, and in reply to a remark, she was saying—

'I should be sorry for myself, if my life had so rested in those external things that they could not be withdrawn from them without great suffering. I have enjoyed them—intensely, I might say; but I must have sadly failed in my use of them, if there had been formed in my soul no power to rise above them. That true use was to give me inferior strength, but not to enervate.'

'But how can you live without your garden and greenhouse. You have so enjoyed them,' answered the visitor.

'Perhaps I may have had more care than enjoyment,' replied Mrs. Armat. 'My garden was too large, my greenhouse too extensive and overcrowded. I was often confused amid the beauty, and wonderful order displayed in nature—and so lost pleasure that might have been derived from a simple flower-stand in my parlor.'

'The change will be very great,' said the visitor. 'You go away from this luxury of nature, made paradisical by culture, and shut yourself up in a small city house. I can't bear to think of it my dear friend. It hurts—it distresses me.'

Mrs. Armat smiled gently. 'Don't let it trouble you. The bitterness with me is past already. I am looking far away from the past, and I search into the future for new elements of peace. There is sweeter honey in the humble white clover blossom, than in the garden's pride, and the wise bee knows how to gather it. I must take a lesson from the bee.'

'But what will you do, Mrs. Armat?—Your life has moved in such a free and bountiful circle for years. How will you breathe amid these narrow limitations?'

'It is a poor, weak spirit that cannot make its own world,' replied Mrs. Armat, and cannot get beyond the body's natural limitations. Life, with me, would have been to little purpose, if, at my age, I could not build a dwelling-place for my soul out of other than material substances.'

The friend scarcely understood Mrs. Armat. She looked at her and wondered. A few weeks later, and the change of which they were speaking took place.

The elegant country residence, with far the largest portion of its choicest furniture, was sold, and the Armats removed to the city, and took up their abode in a small, plainly furnished house.

Among the friends of Mrs. Armet, who was a favorite with all who knew her intimately, there was universal regret at the misfortunes that assailed her; but none felt more deeply than Mrs. Eldridge.

'I must go and see her,' she said, for the twentieth time. It was two months after Mrs. Armant had left the neighborhood. 'It is cruel in me to keep so long away, and yet I dread to meet her. How broken in spirits she must be. And what can I say? Any trite commonplaces about submission and patience under misfortune would choke me. How could I who dwell amid peace and plenty—against whose house no storm beats—talk to her.'

Mrs. Eldridge had just passed through a state of mental depression. She was subject to these shadowy conditions of mind and they were becoming more frequent and of longer duration. Whence their source, she did not know. They would come stealthily upon her, and cover her spirit with a pall of darkness. She made no effort to throw them off, but submitted, weakly and passively, to a state of misery that shadowed not only her own life but the lives of others.

Out of one of these states she had just arisen when she determined to go and see Mrs. Armat, and, if possible, help and comfort her, if only through the manifested regard of a visit. Purposely she dressed herself in plain attire, for her mind was delicately perceptive. 'I will not give any reminder of our widely different conditions,' she said.

Usually, Mrs. Eldridge, when she visited the city, was driven in her handsome carriage; but now she went to the railroad station near by, and took the cars. From the depot on reaching the city, she walked a few squares to the house of Mrs. Armat. It was a very small house in comparison with the one she had left—the neighborhood was not fashionable—everything, in the eyes of Mrs. Eldridge, looked poor and humble. A sigh parted her lips as she stood at the door. Her heart felt heavy for her friend. How could she meet her?'

(Concluded to-morrow.)

INSURANCE AGAINST ACCIDENTS.

THE ORIGINAL

Travelers Insurance Co.,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Capital, - - - $500,000.

Insures Against

ACCIDENTS,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

CAUSING LOSS OF LIFE OR BODILY INJURY.

THE TRAVELERS INSURANCE COMPANY was organized, under a charter granted by the Connecticut Legislature of 1863, and amended by the Legislature of 1864, for the specific purpose of effecting INSURANCE AGAINST ACCIDENTS, of whatever kind or description, whether they occur in travelling by railroad, steamboat or stage-coach, walking in the street, at work in the shop, or sitting by the domestic fireside, whether riding, boating, hunting, fishing, shooting, swimming, croketing, surveying, engineering, whether working, or playing, sleeping or waking, in danger or out of (apparent) danger, at home or abroad—in every variety of circumstances in which mankind are ordinarily placed.

A General Accident Policy not only includes the risk in travelling, but also all forms of dislocations, broken bones, ruptured tendons, sprains, concussions, crushings, bruises, cuts, stabs, gunshot wounds, poisoned wounds, burns and scalds, bites of dogs, unprovoked assaults by burglars, robbers or murderers—the action of lightning or sunstroke, the effects of explosions, chemicals, floods and earthquakes, suffocation by drowning or choking.

This company has now been for more than a year in successful operation; has issued over fifteen thousand policies, and paid numerous claims for compensation, has a directory of high character, and is managed with the prudence and sagacity which distinguish Hartford insurance companies; has an ample capital and large surplus, and its soundness and stability may be relied upon.

General Accident Risks.

TEN DOLLARS PREMIUM

Under a *General Accident* policy, will secure $10 per week compensation while disabled, (not exceeding twenty-six weeks,) or $2,000 in the event of death by accident.

TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS PREMIUM

Will secure $25 per week or $5,000 in case of death

FIFTY DOLLARS PREMIUM

Will secure $50 per week compensation, or $10,000 in case of death.

Any other sum, from $500 to $10,000, at proportionate rates.

Where compensation only is desired, or payment is to be made only in case of death, *the rates are much lower.*

☞ The above are the "ordinary" or lowest rates "special" rates are $1 per thousand higher.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS,

GUSTAVUS F. DAVIS,	W. H. D. CALLENDER,
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H. C. MARSHALL, General Ticket Agent.
DR. S. B. BERESFORD, Surgeon.

B. Plummer & Sons,
Agents for Bangor and Vicinity.

Bangor, Aug. 21, 1865.

HAMPDEN ACADEMY.

THE SPRING TERM of this Institution will commence on MONDAY, Feb. 19, and continue eleven weeks, under the old Board of Instructors.

W. H. LAMBERT, A. B., Principal.
MISS RUTH BABCOCK, Preceptress.
MISS LIZZIE CROSBY, Teacher of Drawing, Painting, &c.
MISS CLARA C. HILL, Teacher of Music.
H. M. FOSS, Teacher of Penmanship.

This is one of the oldest Institutions of learning in the State—having been incorporated in 1803—and has constantly enjoyed a most deserved popularity, which it is the effort of the present Instructors to sustain.

The Academy is pleasantly situated between the villages of Upper and Lower Hampden, on an elevated and healthful situation, sufficiently retired from the business parts of the villages to make it a very desirable place for study. The school rooms are commodious, and have of late been refitted in the most approved manner.

The villages of Hampden offer to Students resorting here, the various advantages of good society, several meetings of public worship, good boarding places, and very easy access from almost every quarter.

Boarding places can be secured, and further particulars had, on addressing the Principal.

Instruction will be eminently practical in such studies as Book-Keeping, Surveying, &c. The principles of the Natural Sciences will be suitably illustrated. Navigation, and the higher branches of Mathematics will be thoroughly taught, and those preparing to teach will receive especial attention.

Especial care will also be bestowed upon those pursuing the Ancient Languages preparatory to entering College, or otherwise.

Those studying the Modern Languages will have the benefit of a most thorough and accomplished Teacher in that department.

As the Academy is provided with a well-furnished Laboratory, those pursuing the subject of Chemistry will here receive a most important advantage.

A well-selected Library of about six hundred volumes, is open to the use of Students, and furnishes valuable means for reading and reference.

TUITION,

Common English,	$4.00
Higher English,	4.50
Languages,	5.00

It is very desirable that Pupils should commence with the opening of the Term—and no bill for Tuition will be made for less than half a Term, except in case of sickness.

DANIEL CROSBY,
Sec'y of Trustees.

Hampden, Jan. 20th, 1866. dtf19

FIRE INSURANCE!

INSURE IN THE

Union Insurance Company.

Capital, $100,000.

☞ No Assessments.

OFFICE—Corner of State and Exchange Streets, BANGOR.

GEORGE STETSON, President.
J. S. CHADWICK, Sec'y.

Jan'y 25 tf

Steam Bakery.

THE subscribers having added a Steam Engine to their machinery for Baking, and enlarged their shop, are prepared to furnish every description of White, Brown, and Graham

Bread, Crackers, Soda, Pilot and Hard Bread for the Woods, and Ship Bread.

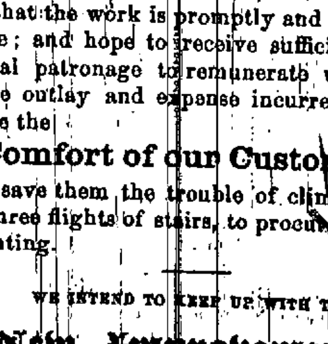
PASTRY of all kinds, constantly on hand, at wholesale and retail.

☞ Flour manufactured by the Barrel. Orders from the country promptly attended to.

S. Emery & Son,
No. 8 PICKERING SQUARE.

Bangor, Nov. 24, 1865

HOWE'S IMPROVED SCALES



Are warranted to give Entire Satisfaction. They *always* take the premium. A complete variety of

Scales, Beams, Weights and Measures.

ALSO,

Fire and Burglar Proof Safes

can always be found at

The New England Warehouse,
46 Congress street, Boston.
G. B. REYNOLDS, Agent.

☞ Sold in Bangor by BOARDMAN & BRANN.
sept 1 3tawd&wly

NICE SPRUCE GUM, direct from the woods, at BRADBURY'S.
jan 16

TRIBUNE ALMANAC received by CHAS HIGHT.
jan 16

BANGOR COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,

—AND—

TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE,

Lewis Block, Main St., Bangor.

New Rooms Rented.

THE GENEROUS PATRONAGE RECEIVED by this popular Institution, has compelled the Proprietors to rent additional rooms.

On and after MONDAY, Jan. 15th, the rooms in EXCHANGE BLOCK, formerly occupied by Mr. Tebbetts, will be used in connection with those in Lewis Block.

THIS INSTITUTION, A LINK IN THE

Great American Chain,

Is Second to none other in

Comprehensiveness, Thoroughness AND ECONOMY.

Text Books being used only as references, the Student is thrown upon his own resources, and graduates not a mere copyist, but learns that best of lessons, dependence upon himself.

Manuscript Course.

Upwards of fifty sets are given precisely as they occur in business. They contain all the improved and labor-saving methods of Book Keeping.

Business Correspondence.

One great advantage of this Chain over all others is its system of Business Correspondence.

The Student has a Correspondent given him in a distant College, with whom he buys, sells, receives consignments, ships goods both on his own and joint account—and in a word goes through all the forms used in actual business.

Penmanship.

We offer the best facilities for acquiring this Art, the Department being under the management of one of the best Penmen of the day.

Telegraph Department.

A Class in this lucrative Art is in operation under the charge of an accomplished sound operator.

Ladies' Department.

Having fitted up a room exclusively for Ladies we would invite them to call and examine our facilities.

Mercantile Library.

Every holder of a Scholarship has free access to the Mercantile Library and Reading Room.

Commercial Law.

A Course of Lectures is being given on Commercial Law, free to Students. Great inducements are offered to Clubs. DISABLED SOLDIERS will find a course in our Institution the best means of obtaining employment.

For further information send for College Paper and specimen of Penmanship, or call at College Rooms. Address,

Worthington, Warner & Smith.

jan 11—3taw

Important to Manufacturers.

FOR SALE—The best Water Privilege in North Eastern Pennsylvania, with about thirty feet fall of water, supported by a dam of solid masonry, laid in water cement. Supply of water unfailing, capable of running eight or ten wheels through the entire season. There are now seven wheels running on the property.

Located near the Borough of Honesdale, on the line of the Delaware and Hudson Railroad, from which stock can be delivered directly into some of the shops.

Communicates with New York by Delaware and Hudson Canal, and with Philadelphia, Harrisburgh, Pittsburgh, &c., by rail. The cheapness of coal, and convenience of market communications, makes this a very desirable manufacturing property.

On the premises are four large factories and a first class saw mill.

About 160 acres of Farming Lands, with first class farm buildings, and over 100 acres of timber land can be purchased with the above property, if desired.

For further information apply to
HENRY M. SEELY,
Honesdale, Pa.

jan31 3taw4w

Choice Porto Rico Molasses,

ENGLISH CODFISH,
OOLONG AND JAPAN TEAS,
PURE COFFEES AND SPICES
BUCKWHEAT AND GRAHAM FLOUR,
SYRUPS, SUGARS,
AND THE

Best Groceries Generally,
FOR SALE LOW BY
jan24 GEO. W. MANTON.

JOB PRINTING!

THE BANGOR DAILY

Whig & Courier Office,

No. 1, Bowman's Block, East End Kenduskeag Bridge
On the Lower Floor.

ALL KINDS OF PLAIN & FANCY

JOB PRINTING,

EXECUTED WITH

Neatness and Dispatch.

We have all the facilities for doing JOB WORK which are to be found this side of Boston, and shall endeavor, at all times, to see that the work is promptly and faithfully done; and hope to receive sufficient additional patronage to remunerate us for the large outlay and expense incurred to promote the

Comfort of our Customers,

and save them the trouble of climbing two or three flights of stairs, to procure a job of Printing.

WE INTEND TO KEEP UP WITH THE

New Improvements,

—AND—

NEW TYPE,

AND GIVE OUR CUSTOMERS

AS GOOD WORK AS CAN BE SECURED.

DANIEL WHITE,

DEALER IN

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Fancy Goods, Spectacles, Umbrellas, Musical Instruments, Best Violin and Guitar Strings, CUTLERY, PIPES, &c.

☞ Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, and all other Repairing done to order. Violin Bows Haired.

DANIEL WHITE,
jan 18 No. 2 Kenduskeag Bridge.

SPONGES. The assortment of choice, fine, and glove and carriage Sponges, is unsurpassed at BRADBURY'S.
feb 6

B. Plummer & Sons'

FIRE AND LIFE Insurance AGENCY.

Fire Companies.

Authorized Capital AND SURPLUS Exceeding

$14,000,000!

ÆTNA, Of Hartford, Conn.

HOME, Of New York City.

METROPOLITAN, Of New York City.

PHŒNIX, Of Hartford, Conn.

ARCTIC, Of New York City.

Springfield, F. & M., Of Springfield, Mass.

MANHATTAN, Of New York City.

NEW ENGLAND, Of Hartford, Conn.

LORILLARD, Of New York City.

INTERNATIONAL, Of New York City.

Morris Fire & Inland, Of New York City.

The undersigned, Agents and Attorneys of the above named reliable Corporations, continue to effect Insurance on all kinds of Real and Personal Property, at rates adequate to the hazard.—Dwellings and out-buildings insured for a term of years,

One Year, Three or Five.

Losses promptly and liberally adjusted, and paid at this Agency.

B. PLUMMER & SONS,
Agents.

NOV. 23, 1865

SNELL HOUSE.

The Subscriber has purchased the above House, and proposes to keep a

"First Class Hotel."

He has repaired the House, put down new carpets, made additions to the furniture, &c., &c. He has also secured the services of M. H. HUNTRESS, as Clerk. And by the experience he has had in the business, he flatters himself that he can suit the people of Aroostook—*or any other man.*

GEO. PARKS, Proprietor.
Houlton, July 1, 1865. jy6

National House.

HARLOW ST., BANGOR, MAINE,

A. T. CHICK, - - Proprietor,

THIS House is situated in the most business part of the City, and is now open to the Travelling Community.

The Proprietor hopes by strict and personal attention to receive a liberal share of patronage.

The tables will be furnished with the best the Market affords, and every attention paid to the wants of his guests.

There is attached to this House a good STABLE, with attentive Ostler. Charges moderate.

A. T. CHICK.

Bangor, November 10, 1864.

FRANKLIN HOUSE,

Harlow Street, Bangor, Maine.



This well and favorably known Hotel, having the past season been enlarged, remodeled and refurnished, has now all the appointments of a first class Hotel.

The subscribers, having leased the above House for a term of years, and having had several years experience in the business, flatter themselves, by strict and personal attention, to merit a liberal share of public patronage.

In location, this house has no superior, being in a central position, and on one of the pleasantest streets in the city. In connection is a large and commodious Stable, in the care of attentive Ostlers; also a Livery Stable, which will always be supplied with first class teams.

☞ Stages leave the house daily, for all parts of the country. McLAUGHLIN & SON.

WM. D. McLAUGHLIN,
HENRY McLAUGHLIN.

Bangor, March 5 1860.

DR. LAROOKAH'S Sarsaparilla Compound,

For the Speedy and Permanent Cure of *Liver Complaints, Scrofula or King's Evil, Eruptions, and all Eruptive Diseases of the Skin, St. Anthony's Fire, Salt Rheum, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches and Boils; Rheumatic and Neuralgic Pains in the Bones, Side and Head; for the various Weaknesses to which Females are liable; Dyspepsia, Debility, Emaciation, Dropsy, and all diseases resulting from or in an impure state of the Blood.*

IT is invaluable to Nervous Sufferers, and a positive cure for Palsy arising from the abuse of Mercury or Lead.

It is a Tonic as well as an Alterative, and a sure protection from attacks that originate in change of climate, season or life.

LIVER COMPLAINTS and their combined symptoms, such as Lumbago, Jaundice, Rheumatism, Bilious Eruptions, &c. When caused by *Scrofula* taint, this compound is a most effectual remedy.

DYSPEPSIA or INDIGESTION, is often caused by Scrofula, which deranges the stomach, and renders it unhealthy. Indigestion is not always caused by Scrofula, when it is, this Sarsaparilla Compound is a ready cure.

NEURALGIA, HEADACHE and various disorders of the nervous system frequently arise from a low state of the constitutional health, and are much relieved and often cured by this powerful remedy.

ERYSIPELAS, Boils, Tumors, or Salt Rheum, Ulcers, Sores, &c. Moderate doses three times a day will usually effect the cure of the above complaints, but often requires considerable time.

Price one dollar per bottle. Six bottles for five dollars.

DR. LAROOKAH'S

ALL-CONQUERING

INDIAN VEGETABLE PULMONIC SYRUP.

A Sovereign Remedy for Coughs Colds, Bronchitis Consumption, and all diseases of the Throat & Lungs.

Unsurpassed by any Medical Discovery in the World. DR. E. R. KNIGHTS, Proprietor, Melrose, Mass.

Price 50 Cents and $1.00 per Bottle.

DR. KNIGHTS' Oriental Hair Restorer.

After a long series of experiments, this article, as it is now offered to the public, is believed to be the most perfect of its kind which science has ever devised. No pains have been spared to produce what has so long been demanded by thousands, who, from sickness or other causes, have become prematurely grey; and others, who, in the sere and yellow leaf of life, would retain, as far as possible, the semblance of youth. DR. KNIGHTS' ORIENTAL HAIR RESTORER, after a few applications, *restores grey or faded hair to its original color,* and is the only preparation of the kind upon which the public can place any reliance. *It has never been known to fail in a single instance,* and is totally unlike the thousand and one so-called Hair Restorers, by which so many have been egregiously deceived.

It is delightfully perfumed, gives the hair a rich and glossy appearance, promotes its luxuriant growth, and will not soil the skin, scalp, or any article of apparel.

PRICE 75 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

Prepared by
E. B. KNIGHTS, Chemist, Melrose, Mass.

Sold by B. F. Bradbury, General Agent, Bangor and by Druggists and Merchants everywhere.
sept. 13-3tawd&wly

Geofray's Hair Renovater,

WILL RESTORE GRAY HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR!

Will Prevent the Hair from Falling Off!
Will Make the Hair Soft and Glossy!
Will not Soil the Whitest Linen, and is WARRANTED!

ITS SALE in the Bangor market has increased, in less than one year, from *One Gross* to more than *Three Thousand Bottles,* and its sale is as rapidly increasing throughout the Union. Buy a bottle, and prove for yourself the fact that it is the *BEST ARTICLE* ever manufactured, and then recommend it to your friends.

☞ REMEMBER! that it is put up in pint bottles, and is WARRANTED.

W. L. Alden & Co., B. F. Bradbury, N. S. Harlow, Wm. Mann & Son, and J. S. Ingraham, Agents for Bangor—and sold by Druggists every where.

J. L. GIOFRAY,
Rockland, Oct. 21, 1865 d&w

War Claims, Pensions,

Arrears of Pay, $100 Bounty, and all Claims for Military Service in the present War, secured by

DANIEL SANBORN,

Office, Corner of Franklin and Hammond Streets over C. Sweet's Store.

PENSIONS for Soldiers wounded, injured, or for disease contracted in the present war.

HALF PAY, Pensions for the Widows or Minor Children of those killed, or who have died in the service.

$100 BOUNTY for the Widows, Minor Children or Heirs of deceased Soldiers.

Information by mail or otherwise, given gratuitously.

☞ Fees for service moderate, and suited to the times.

DANIEL SANBORN,
Pension Agent,

Pension Office corner Hammond and Franklin Sts
ian13 d&wtf

☞ Picture Frame Maker, and Burnish Gilder.

WM. TODD, No. 12 State Street, East side, would be happy to wait upon those who will favor him with a call, and would also say, in regard to quality of work and goods, that they are of the BEST KIND. Having had some sixteen years experience in the Gilding business, I feel confident in saying that my work cannot be surpassed by any one.

☞ Old Frames Re-gilded, and Frames Varnished. Frames in every variety made to order, as cheap as at any shop in Bangor.

☞ Please call and examine for yourselves at No. 12 State Street, East side, at

WM. TODD'S
Gilding Establishment.

July 25, 1864—tf

HERMAN—an interesting work—for sale by
jan10 E. F. DUREN.

Fine Japan Tea.

I HAVE received a few chests of the FINEST JAPAN TEA ever brought to this country. At retail $1.40 per lb. E. B. PATTEN,
jan 4—2w 44 W. M. Square.

Hair Restorer!

5 GROSS Clock's Hair Restorer. Also, Hall's, Tibbetts', Giofray's, French's, Wood's, Helmstreet's, Perry's, and others, at wholesale and retail by B. F. BRADBURY.
dec 28

Tamarinds! Tamarinds!

IN KEGS and BBLS., by
jan 16 BRADBURY.

Tamarinds! Tamarinds!

VERY NICE TAMARINDS, preserved in sugar at wholesale and retail, by
dec 28 B. F. BRADBURY.

New England Screw Steamship Co

SEMI-WEEKLY LINE.

The splendid and fast Steamships *Chesapeake,* Capt. W. W. Sherwood, and *Franconia,* Capt. H. Sherwood, will, until further notice, run as follows:

Leave Brown's Wharf, Portland, every Wednesday and Saturday, at 4 o'clock P. M., and Pier 38 East River, New York, every Wednesday and Saturday, at 3 o'clock P. M.

These vessels are fitted up with fine accommodations for passengers, making this the most speedy, safe and comfortable route for travellers between New York and Maine. Passage, in State Room; $6. Cabin passage $5. Meals extra.

Goods forwarded by this line to and from Montreal, Quebec, Bangor, Bath, Augusta, Eastport and St. John.

Shippers are requested to send their freight to the Steamer as early as 3 P. M., on the day that they leave Portland.

For freight or passage, apply to
EMERY & FOX,
Brown's Wharf, Portland.
H. B. CROMWELL & CO.
No. 86 West Street, New York.

Portland, June 1, 1865

Portland and Boston Line,

THE STEAMERS

Forest City, Lewiston and Montreal,

Will until further notice, run as follows:

Leave Atlantic Wharf, Portland, every Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, at 7 o'clock, P. M.; and India Wharf, Boston, every Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, at 5 o'clock P. M.

Fare, in cabin, $2.00

Freight taken as usual.

The Company are not responsible for baggage to any amount exceeding $50 in value, and that personal, unless notice is given and paid for at the rate of one passenger for every $500 additional value.

Feb. 18, 1863. L. BILLINGS, Agent
loct24 tf

Bangor Post Office.

Post Office open from 7 A. M. to 7 1/2 P. M., and from 8 1/2 to 9 P. M.

Western mail closes at 6 A. M.; North Carmel via Hermon at 2 P. M., all other closes at 9 P. M.

The time of the arrivals and departures is the contract time. There are no arrivals or departures on Sunday.

The North Carmel via Hermon mail arrives and departs on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

Kenduskeag, Brownsville and Greenville offices have a daily mail.

The mail to Dexter via Kenduskeag leaves here Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, and returns Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

The other mails are daily.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

	Arrival.	Departure.
Western, (arrives at depot)	7.32 P. M.	7.00 A. M.
Augusta,	9 P. M.	5 A. M.
Calais and St. John,	6 A. M.	9.30 P. M.
Belfast,	9 P. M.	6 A. M.
Ellsworth, Machias, &c.,	6 P. M.	9.30 P. M.
Houlton,	7 P. M.	6 A. M.
Castine and Bucksport,	5 P. M.	8 A. M.
Upper Stillwater,	7 P. M.	6 A. M.
Dexter, via Kenduskeag,	5 P. M.	8 A. M.
Brownville, via Bradford,	6 P. M.	7 A. M.
Greenville, via Monson,	9 P. M.	5 A. M.
North Carmel, via Hermon,	12 M.	3 P. M.

RATES OF POSTAGE.

ON LETTERS.

Throughout the United States, 3 cents per half ounce, or fraction of a half ounce.

To and from the British Provinces, not over 2,500 miles, 10 cents per half ounce.

To same, over 1,500 miles, 15 cents per half ounce.

ON NEWSPAPERS—QUARTERLY RATES.

Weekly papers (to actual subscribers) within the county where published—FREE.

Weekly papers, in the State, where published, and out of the county, 5 cents per quarter.

Weekly papers to any part of the United States 5 cents per quarter.

Daily papers (or six papers per week) in the State, 30 cents per quarter.

Daily papers out of the State, 30 cents per quarter.

[The above rates apply to papers weighing not over 4 ounces each—and this embraces almost every paper in the United States.]

ON NEWSPAPERS—TRANSIENT RATES.

To any part of the United States—PREPAID.

One package to one address, not exceeding 4 ounces 2 cents.

Over 4 ounces, and not over 8 ounces,	4 cents.		
do 8	do	do 12	do 6 do
do 12	do	do 16	do 8 do

Newspapers must be left open at the ends.

ON BOOKS—BOUND OR UNBOUND.

If not weighing over 4 pounds.

To one address, not exceeding 4 ounces, 4 cents.

Over 4 ounces, and not over 8 ounces,	8 cents.		
do 8	do	do 12	do 12 do
do 12	do	do 16	do 16 do

Rates of Letter Postage to Foreign Countries.

To England, Ireland and Scotland, 24 cents per half ounce.

To France and Algeria, by French mail, 15 cents quarter ounce; 30 cents half ounce.

To German States, by Prussian closed mail, 28 cents half ounce.
do by French mail, 21 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce.
do by Bremen mail, (except Bremen, Frankfort, Luxemburg, Wurtemburg, Holland, and the Netherlands) 15 cts. half oz.
do by Hamburg mail, (except Hamburg, Frankfort, Luxemburg, Wurtemburg, Holland, and the Netherlands) 15 cts. half oz.

To Bremen, by Bremen mail, 10 cts. half ounce.

To Hamburg, by Hamburg mail, 10 cts. half ounce.

To Frankfort and Wurtemburg, by Bremen mail, 15 cents half ounce.

To Luxemburg, by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 22 cents half ounce.

To Holland and the Netherlands, by French mail, 21 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce.

To Austria and its States, by Prussian closed mail, 30 cents half ounce.
do by Bremen and Hamburg mail, 15 cents half ounce.
do by French mail (except Provinces in Italy), 21 cents quarter oz.; 42 cents half ounce.

To Russia, by Prussian closed mail, 35 cents half ounce, if prepaid.
do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 15 cents half ounce.

To Prussia, by Prussian closed mail, 30 cents half ounce.
do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 15 cents half ounce.
do by French mail, 21 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce.

To Sardinian States, by Prussian closed mail, 40 cts half ounce, if prepaid.
do by French mail, 21 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce.
do by Bremen and Hamburg mail, 23 cents half ounce.

To Lombardy, by Prussian closed mail, 40 cents half ounce—prepaid.
do by French mail 21 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce.
do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 15 cents half ounce.

To Parma and Modena, by French mail, 21 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce.
do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 25 cents half ounce.

To Papal States, by Prussian closed mail, 44 cents half ounce, if prepaid.
do by French mail, 27 cents quarter ounce; 54 cents half ounce.
do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 28 cents half ounce.

To Tuscany, by Prussian closed mail, if prepaid, 40 cents half ounce.
do by French mail, 21 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce.

To the two Sicilies, by Prussian closed mail, 47 cts. half ounce—prepaid.
do by French mail, 21 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce.
do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 22 cents half ounce—prepaid.

To Spain, by French mail, 21 cts. quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce—prepaid.
do by British Packet, 5 cents half ounce.
do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 30 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce.

To Portugal, by French mail, 21 cents quarter oz. 42 cents half ounce—prepaid.
do by British mail, via England, 33 cents half ounce.

To Denmark, by Prussian closed mail, 39 cents half ounce, if prepaid.
do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 20 cents half ounce.
do by French mail, 27 cents quarter ounce; 54 cents half ounce.

To Sweden, by Prussian closed mail, 40 cents half ounce, if prepaid.
do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 33 cents half ounce.
do by French mail, 33 cents quarter ounce; 65 cents half ounce.

To Norway, by Prussian closed mail, 44 cents half ounce, if prepaid.
do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 38 cents half ounce.
do by French mail, 33 cents quarter ounce; 66 cents half ounce.

To West India Islands, (not British,) except Cuba, Turk's Island, Carthagena, Honduras, San Juan (Nicaragua), Santa Martha, Venezuela, and St. Thomas, 34 cents half ounce.

To Canada, New Brunswick, Cape Breton, Prince Edward's Island, Nova Scotia and New Foundland, 10 cents half ounce, when distance is not over 3000 miles from line of crossing; and 15 cents half ounce, if distance exceeds 3000 miles.

To Aspinwall and Panama, 10 cents half ounce, when distance does not exceed 2500 miles; and 20 cents if distance exceeds 2500 miles—prepaid.

To Bogota and Buonaventura, New Granada, 18 cents half ounce—prepaid.

To Ecuador, Bolivia and Chili, 34 cents half ounce —prepaid.

To Peru, 22 cents half ounce—prepaid.

To West Indies, British, (except Turk's Island), 10 cents half ounce, if distance does not exceed 2500 miles; and 20 cents half ounce if distance exceeds 2500 miles—prepaid.

To Sandwich Islands, New South Wales and China by mail to San Francisco, thence by private ship 3 cents half ounce—prepaid.

The postage on letters, *via* Southampton for Victoria, New South Wales, Queensland, Tasmania, South Australia, West Australia, and New Zealand, has been increased to 45 cents per half ounce —prepaid.

PORTLAND & KENNEBEC RAILROAD



"LOWER KENNEBEC ROUTE."

Kendall's Mills, Waterville, Augusta [illegible]

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

TRAINS leave Skowhegan, for Portland and Boston, at [illegible] A. M. at Kendall's Mills at [illegible]

Returning—the passenger train [illegible] on arrival of train from Boston, at [illegible] P. M. leaves Augusta at 4.40 and connects [illegible] Mills with train for BANGOR at [illegible] P. M.

Freight Train leaves Skowhegan at [illegible] M., Kendall's Mills at [illegible] A. M. for Portland through to Boston without change of cars.

Returning—Freight trains are due at [illegible] at 2.50 P. M. and Kendall's Mills at [illegible]

CONNECTION TICKETS

Between Bangor, Carmel, [illegible] Newport, Detroit, Pittsfield, Burnham [illegible] Stations, on the Maine Central R. R. [illegible] low, Vassalboro, Augusta, Hallowell [illegible] Richmond, Bowdoinham, Brunswick [illegible] Freeport Stations, on the Portland and [illegible] Railroad, are now sold at all the [illegible] tions; and baggage marked [illegible]

Through Fares from Bangor and Stations on the Maine Central Railroad, East of Kendall's Mills, to Portland and Boston, by the Portland and Kennebec Railroad, will be made [illegible] route as by the Maine Central [illegible] Roads. So also from Portland and Boston to Bangor and all other stations East of Kendall's Mills.

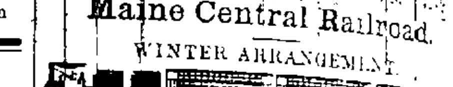
☞ This is the only route [illegible] guage at Portland. Passengers [illegible] ets going East will change cars [illegible] they arrive at in Portland, [illegible] there allowed to dine [illegible] Eating-house. Supper [illegible] are run with the through trains.

☞ Fares *as low by this route* [illegible]

nov4 W. HATCH [illegible]

Maine Central Railroad.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.



ON and after November 6th, next, Passenger Trains will leave Bangor for Portland and Boston at 7 A.M., daily, and for Waterville and intermediate stations at 1.30 P. M.

Trains are due at Bangor from Waterville [illegible] A.M., and from Portland at 5 P. M.

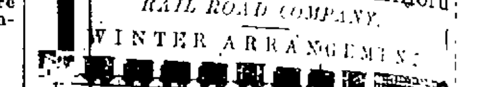
Through Tickets are sold to Portland and [illegible] as heretofore. EDWIN NOYES, Supt.

Waterville, October 30, 1865.

Bangor, Oldtown and Milford

RAIL ROAD COMPANY.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.



ON and after MONDAY, the 6th of November, the Trains will run as follows, till further notice:

Leave Bangor at [illegible] A. M., 12 M., [illegible] P. M.
Leave Milford at [illegible] A. M., [illegible] and [illegible] P. M.
Leave Oldtown at [illegible] A. M., 12 1/4 and [illegible] P. M.

N. T. SWAN, Supt.

Bangor, Oct. 30, 1865

Notice to the Public!

In the year 1846 the writer embarked in Business in the city of Philadelphia [illegible] engaged, made several experiments [illegible] most desirable mode of preparing [illegible] My efforts being successful—the [illegible] proved and used by the Medical [illegible] sirous of placing them before the public [illegible] tated for some time [illegible] newspaper advertising [illegible] existed in the minds [illegible] tised Medicines or [illegible] of friends and the [illegible] tion was overcome.

After 18 years' experience [illegible] way, the popularity of my [illegible] all parts of the United States [illegible] out foreign countries [illegible] opposition. Every means [illegible] unprincipled dealers [illegible] have been known—such as [illegible] the at less price, [illegible] and even copying my advertisement [illegible] happy to state that out of [illegible] sorted to this, none have [illegible]

[illegible]

In this notice is to make [illegible] and respectable dealers [illegible] years' exertions, that the Druggists [illegible] nance such proceedings, and that [illegible] my articles may not be [illegible] or spurious ones.

Knowing that many [illegible] unacquainted with me [illegible] from those of my native city [illegible] known in all parts of [illegible]

"Being personally [illegible] Helmbold, it affords me pleasure [illegible] been most favorably [illegible] integrity, and gratified [illegible]

WM. WEIGHTMAN,
Firm of Powers & Weightman,
Ninth and Brown Streets, Phila.

[illegible]

"When on a visit to the city of New York [illegible] days since, I was introduced [illegible] and townsman, Mr. H. T. Helmbold, Druggist, Broadway, New York. His store [illegible] feet [illegible] had the pleasure of [illegible] ing 24 feet front, five stories [illegible] feet deep. It indeed affords [illegible] know that he has been so [illegible] ple evidence of the merits [illegible] whole business experience [illegible] the success of any articles without [illegible] sing merely [illegible]

Boston [illegible]

"We do not like to advertise worthless articles calculated to deceive [illegible] we see an advertiser like Mr. Helmbold [illegible] have known for years gradually extending [illegible] tising from year to year until [illegible] est advertiser in the United States [illegible] that the [illegible]

The writer reluctantly inserts the above [illegible] would not do so were [illegible] and concludes the statement [illegible] and the diseases for which they have been [illegible] many thousands with complete success.

ADVERTISEMENT.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT OF BUCHU

Will cure all diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder. Cures Pain or Weakness in the Back, Stricture, &c. Cures Weak Nerves, Loss of Memory, Tremulous, Dimness of Vision.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract of Buchu

Is a pure fluid extract, [illegible] to a weak state [illegible] sion. It is the one thing needful for all complaints incident to Females. For circulars send for Circular.

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXT. BUCHU

Cures Gravel and Dropsical Swellings existing in Men, Women or Children. In fact, all diseases requiring the aid of a Diuretic. It is the greatest Tonic and Diuretic known—perfectly safe, pleasant in taste and odor, and immediate in its action.

HELMBOLD'S

Fluid Extract of Sarsaparilla

HIGHLY CONCENTRATED.

One bottle equivalent in strength to one gallon of the Syrup or Decoction.

It reaches the seat of the disease, rapidly expelling all HUMORS of the BLOOD.

And Beautifying the Complexion.

Those articles, being of such strength, the dose is exceedingly small. From this fact, it is used in the United States Army Hospitals and public Sanitary Institutions throughout the land.

☞ Sold by all Druggists everywhere.
☞ Ask for Helmbold's. Take no other.
☞ Cut out the advertisement and send for it, and by this means avoid Counterfeits.

oct 3—3tawdawly

Wool Batting,

FOR FIFTY CENTS A POUND, at
D. M. DUNHAM & CO'S.
feb10 25 West Market Square.

FOUND.

WE have just found the place, in our own State to get our *STENCIL WORK* done.

H. W. FOLSOM, at West Waterville, cuts the best Stencil Name Plate you ever saw, in the Roman style letter, as plain and neat as the print in this paper, and will mark as plain. Any one can use them, as instructions go with each plate. Send him 75 cts., with your name, and he will forward you a Plate, with your name neatly cut in a plain or fancy style, as you may wish, with a brush, a bottle of warranted Indelible Ink, directions, &c., all put up in a neat tin case, sent by return mail, if possible, free of expense. He also cuts all kinds and sizes of Plates for marking Boxes, Barrels, Bags, Robes, &c. He has constantly on hand all sizes of Alphabets, Figures, Brushes, &c. Receives orders for Steel Stamps of all kinds, Embossing and Cancelling Presses, &c. All as cheap as can be afforded. Try him. Direct to

H. W. FOLSOM,
july28 3taw West Waterville, Maine.

☞ Rye Meal, Country Corn Meal,

WHEAT MEAL,
SHORTS AND MIDDLINGS.

For sale low at
H. CHASE & SONS,
12 Strickland's Block, Broad Street.
dec21 3w

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